

## AUTOMOTIVE AND INDUSTRIAL CATALOG

General Purpose - Replaceable Probes

General Purpose Non-Replaceable Probes

Step Probes

Switch Probes

High Current Probes

High Frequency Probes

Battery Probes



**Everett Charles  
Technologies**

A  DOVER COMPANY

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Since its founding in 1965, Everett Charles Technologies has been the leader in developing new, innovative and cost-effective solutions for all electronic interconnect and test markets.

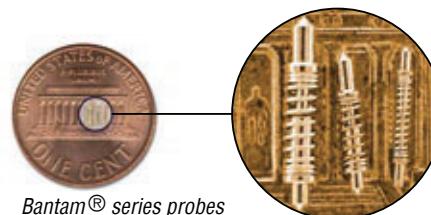
Starting with its invention of the first replaceable spring probe, whose ancestors still define the standard in compliant contact technology today.

New and emerging technologies in networking, mobile devices, automotive, medical and industrial products elevate every aspect of our lives and they require contact solutions of unprecedented quality, miniaturization and integrity to interconnect, test reliably and cost-effectively. Everett Charles Technologies has defined the forefront of product development and quality to meet these requirements with premier industry products which involve more than 100 patents.

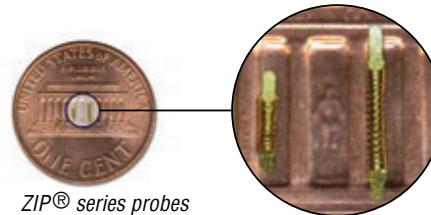
As you embark on your future product developments, know that we are ready to work and partner with you to define all of your Contact Solutions.



ECT Headquarters in Pomona, California, U.S.A.



Bantam® series probes  
on the back of a U.S. penny



ZIP® series probes  
on the back of a U.S. penny

# General Information

## The ECT Difference

ECT invented the snap-out probe in 1965. It was the first replaceable spring probe available to test engineers when ATE was in its infancy. The hand-assembled probe was simple and rugged.

Modern spring probes retain some fundamental attributes of the original design, but they are far more sophisticated. Mechanical design evolves on CAE/CAD systems, enabling our engineers to program manufacturing equipment to optimize their designs. Custom designed machining equipment, plating processes and automatic assembly systems produce precision probes with ultra-smooth surfaces. Plunger-to-barrel tolerances are tighter. Probe tips are sharper. Springs fabricated from specially-formulated alloys maximize probe life.

Quality checks are made throughout the manufacturing process using computerized statistical process controls (SPC). Final inspection ensures that the probes we ship are defect-free.

## Electrical Current Path and Probe Resistance

**Figure 1** shows that the primary current path in a probe is through the contact junction of the plunger with the barrel and the barrel with the receptacle. Secondary paths include the contact junction between the spring and plunger and the spring and barrel.

**Figure 2** illustrates sources of electrical resistance that must be considered. Resistance is dependent on several factors: conductivity of base metals and plating material, resistance at points of contact between components (which is affected by surface condition), area of contact, force applied at contact junctions, and probe design.

For applications requiring very low, very consistent resistance, such as loaded-board test, ECT's PogoPlus probes employ an enhanced bias ball design that maintains electrical contact between the plunger and the sidewall at all times.

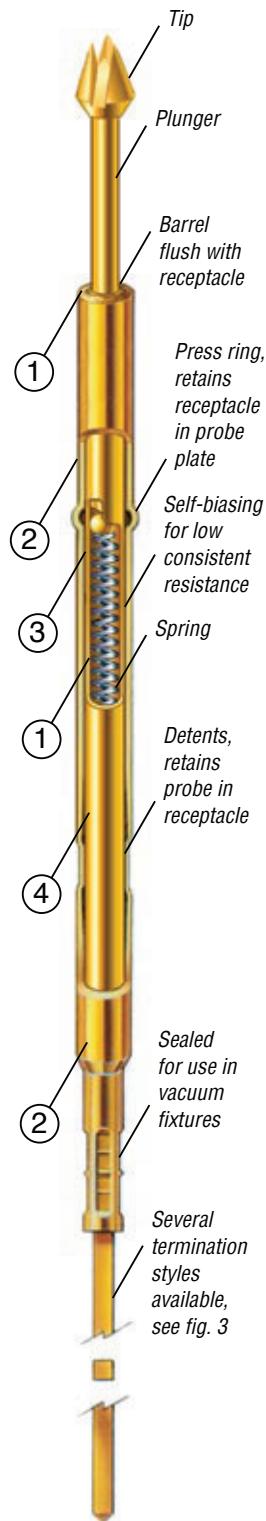
ECT probes are self-biasing, resulting in maximum metal-to-metal contact force between components at critical contact junctions.

Resistance can also be caused by such factors as: receptacle wire terminations, fixture wiring, test interface, incorrect probe selection (wrong tip, inadequate spring force), PCB surface contamination, or high-resistance contacts in the test system.

Electrical resistance is included among probe specifications on each data page.

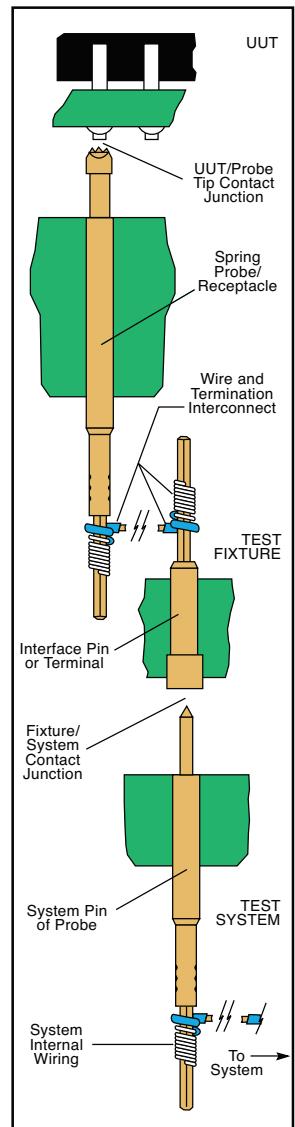
**Figure 1**  
**Typical Spring Probe and Receptacle**

Primary electrical current path is via contact junction of plunger with barrel (1), and barrel with receptacle (2). Secondary paths include junctions between plunger, ball and spring (3) and barrel and spring (4).



**Figure 2**  
**Influence on Contact Resistance**

There are several sources of electrical resistance within the test circuit. Management of these is a prerequisite for optimizing test performance.



**Figure 3**  
**Receptacle Styles**  
Receptacles also available preterminated for easier installation.

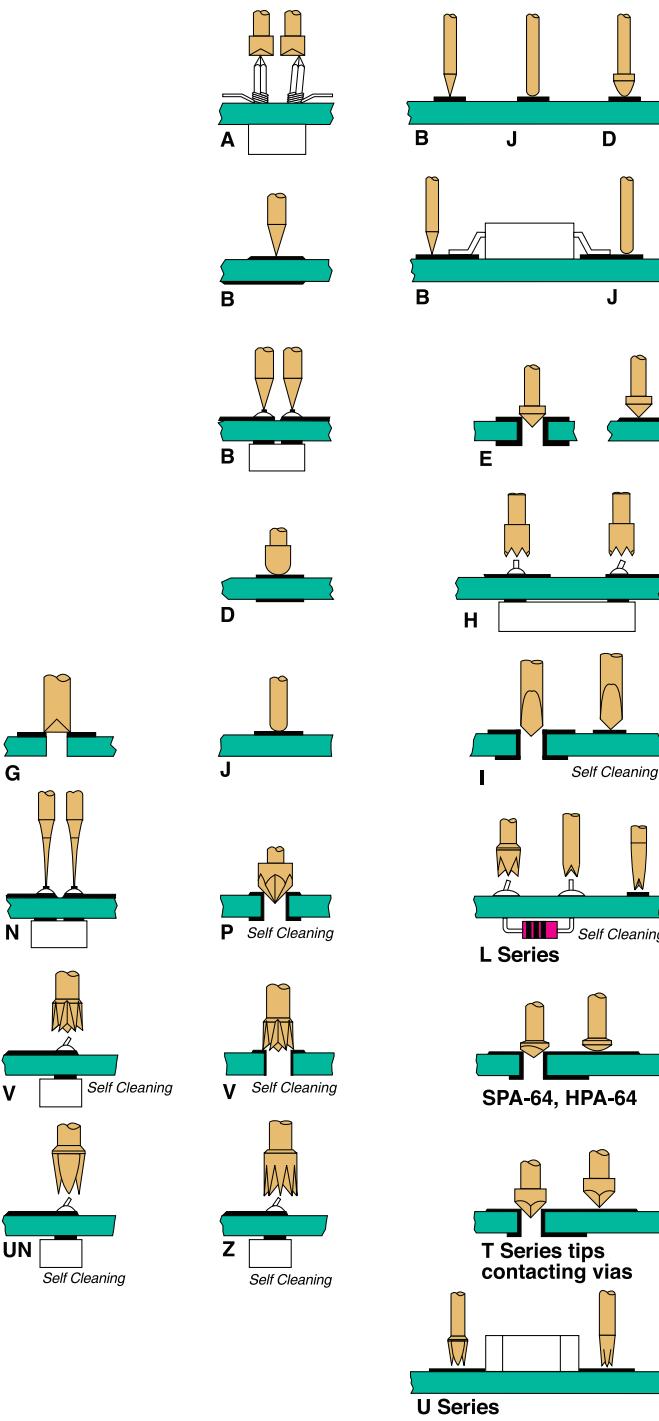
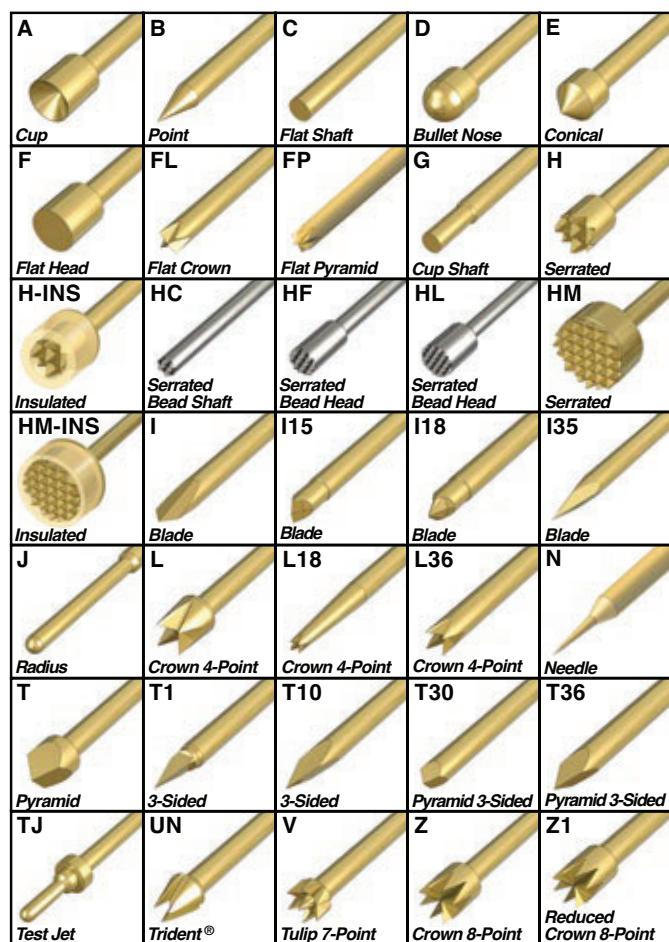


## Tip Selection

Most tip styles can be used for a variety of different applications. Use the following chart to select appropriate tips for the feature type (pad, via, etc.) you are testing. Several tip styles will probably work for a given application, so experiment with several until you find one that provides the best performance.

For testing loaded boards, tip selection factors to consider are lead length (bent or straight), surface cleanliness and pad size. In general, tips with sharp points and internal cutting edges which trap leads (such as the Trident® or crown tip) are excellent choices for most loaded board requirements.

In bare board applications, tips with sharp external cutting edges (such as fluted and pyramid tips) are usually best for penetrating through contamination, but these may leave marks on the contact surface. For applications where marking is undesirable, bullet nose or conical tips may be used on clean boards.

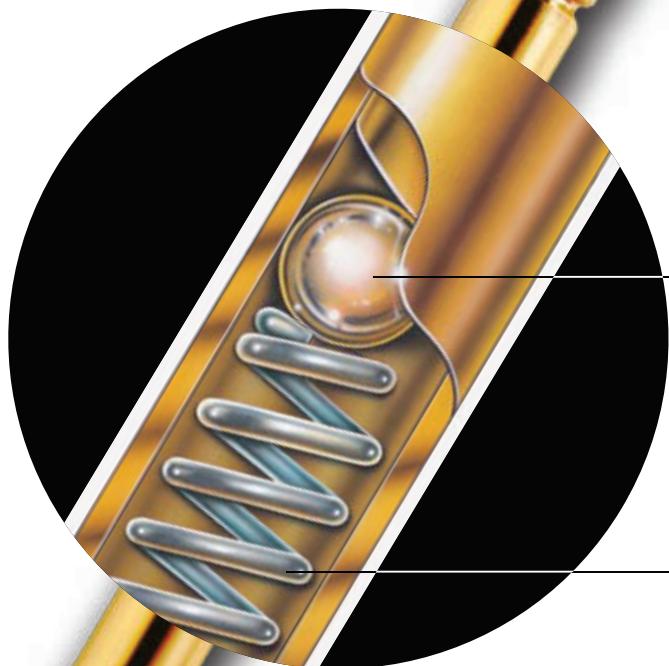


# Pogo Plus®

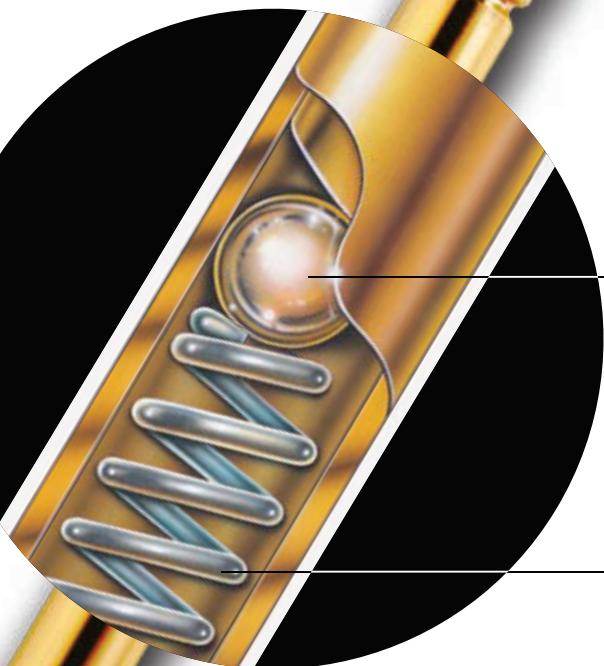
A variety of innovative tip styles give you the flexibility to match the PogoPlus® to your specific test application



Available steel tips, manufactured with ECT's MicroSharp™ technology, offer the ultimate in long-lasting tip sharpness and contact integrity



A double-roll close offers the industry's best pointing accuracy that helps you hit the smallest test targets with high repeatability



Interaction of the captured ball, bias-cut plunger end and applied spring force guarantees uninterrupted electrical contact with the probe barrel sidewall, virtually eliminating probe related false opens



A shorter plunger permits more spring volume, higher spring force and longer spring life



ECT's precious metal plating process, together with enhanced bias contact, provides highly repeatable conductivity

## General Purpose - Replaceable Probes

Designed for typical Automotive Board Test and standard continuity test, contacting industry norm test points such as leads, vias, and pads. A replaceable probe is retained by a separate component (receptacle) permanently fixed into a retention plate to which the electrical connection is made. Removal of the probe does not damage or break the electrical connection. The Threaded Probe/Receptacle is the most secure method and is typically used in Wire Harness testing to guarantee retention of probe in receptacle during test of automobile or aircraft harnesses.

Retention Methods: Pylon Bend, Detents and Press Ring, Threads, or Solder Cup

## General Purpose Non-Replaceable Probes

Designed for Industrial Applications where typical probe life meets or exceeds those of the end-use product. They are typically located inside the end product where probe replacement is impossible or end product damage would occur. A non-replaceable probe is designed to be permanently fixed in the retention plate and not removed without breaking the electrical connection or damaging the retention plate.

Retention methods: Epoxy Mount or One-Piece Press-In "Anti-Walkout".

## Step Probes

A "step" or "hat" probe indicates the concept of using a "step" to control the distance of probe tip entry into a wire harness connector housing, thus allowing electrical contact to be made to a terminal without actually entering the terminal. The critical areas of the connector terminal remain virgin to assure proper conductivity and intermetallic relationships once the harness is assembled into its end use.

Retention Methods: Receptacle Detents, Press-in One-piece, Threaded, Hex Nut

## Switch Probes

Designed primarily for "presence/electrical" test applications such as detecting the absence or presence of contacts within a wire harness connector. In this case, the switch probe provides electrical interconnection and verifies the connector has been manufactured properly. If contacts are missing, out of place, or not firmly seated, the part is rejected. If all the contacts are in place, the part is accepted and an electrical test is performed verifying electrical integrity of the connector and the wires with the harness.

Retention Methods: Receptacle Detents, Press-in One-piece, Threaded, Hex Nut

## High Current & High Frequency Probes

Designed for powered functional testing of connectors, wire harnesses, modules and other devices drawing up to 50A, our high current probes feature low resistance plungers and multiple-point, high current capacity tips. Only ECT offers a complete line of high current probes for .100, .125, and .187 inch test centers.

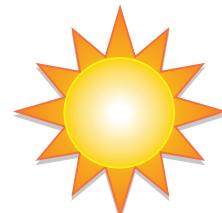
## Battery Probes

Battery Probes are typically contained in modules where consistent, long-life, low-resistance, compliant electrical and mechanical connections are required. They are typically molded into a housing and soldered either to a mating PCB or terminal to provide a permanent stable and reliable electrical and mechanical connection.

Retention Methods: Press Fit, Solder, Receptacle Detents

## Solar Solutions

As alternative energy technologies develop, ECT is committed to providing effective and reliable solutions for your test and measurement needs. Our products are often used for standard or custom automated test equipment and fixture applications which involve simulation, production testing, characterization, validation, or failure analysis.



During the production of solar photovoltaic (PV) products there are many instances where it is desirable to make temporary electrical contact for the purposes of measuring current and voltage. Pogo pin technology is an ideal solution for facilitating temporary electrical connections to obtain IV curve measurements, or providing reliable contact for your challenging high current or low voltage connections.

Whether you are making contact directly with silicon/thin film circuitry, or the bus bar of your PV device, ECT offers a wide range of sizes, tip styles, and spring forces to accommodate your specific application.

Look for the solar icon throughout the catalog for solar applications.

### Bus Bar

**Contact Solutions**  
POGO-25HM  
P2665-2W  
P2757-1W  
P2757-2W  
P2550-6-8  
P2447

### Polysilicon or Thin Film

**Contact Solutions**  
CP-059-019  
E-S-R  
G-S-R  
P2532  
HPA-64-3  
P2662G-1R  
P2663G-1R  
P5160G-1R  
P2665G-1R  
P2757G-1R  
TSC-157-D30

For further application assistance, please call your ECT support representative.

## Contents

General Purpose, Replaceable Probes are those designed for typical Automotive Board Test and standard continuity test, contacting industry norm test points such as leads, vias and pads.

All of the probes in this section are designed for high volume testing and are replaceable through the use of a mating receptacle mounted into a retaining plate or retaining block via a "press-ring" or knurl.

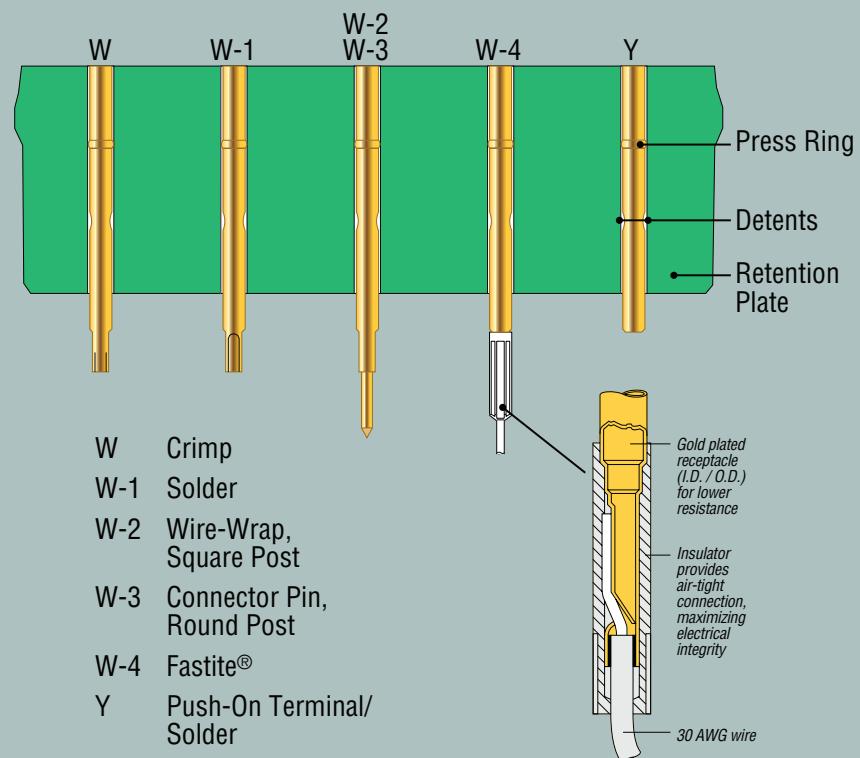
A replaceable probe is retained by a separate component (receptacle) permanently fixed into a retention plate to which electrical connection is made. Removal of the probe does not damage or break the electrical connection.

Typical probe retention is achieved by detents in the receptacle; detents in the receptacle with a "Pylon" bend in the probe; or a threaded connection.

ECT offers an extensive selection of General Purpose Probes for a wide variety of application in various different industries, making ECT spring probes the first choice of test engineers worldwide.

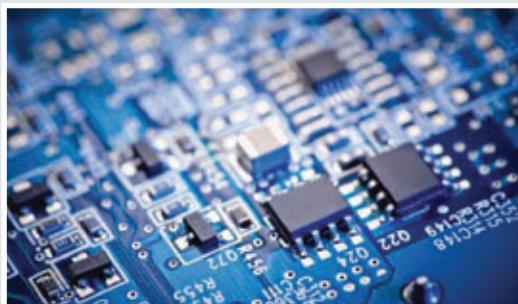
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EPA-4/SPA-4 .....	11	SPL-25J-212 .....	15
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### Termination Types



# General Purpose - Replaceable Probes

Model	Pitch (inch/mm)	OAL (inch/mm)	Recommended Travel (inch/mm)	Probe Resistance mΩ	Current Capacity Continuous (Amps)	Receptacle	Probe Retention Method	Crimp	Solder	WW	Round Post	Push-On Terminal	Fastite	Pre-Wired
POGO-72	.050 (1.27)	1.70 (43.18)	.167 (4.24)	15	3	HPR-72	Receptacle Detents	X	X				X	X
POGO-1	.075 (1.91)	1.30 (33.02)	.167 (4.24)	10	6	LTR-1	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X				
POGO-25	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.167 (4.24)	8	8	SPR-25	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X	X			
HPA/SPA-1	.075 (1.91)	.655 (16.64)	.067 (1.70)	35/50	3	SPR-1	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X				
EPA/SPA-2	.100 (2.54)	.970 (24.64)	.107 (2.72)	35/50	5	SPR-2	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X	X	X		
EPA/SPA-3	.125 (3.18)	1.30 (33.02)	.167 (4.24)	35/50	6	SPR-3	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X		X		
EPA/SPA-4	.187 (4.75)	1.32 (33.53)	.167 (4.24)	35/50	7	SPR-4	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X		X		
EPA/SPA-5	.187 (4.75)	1.42 (36.07)	.167 (4.24)	35/50	8	SPR-5	Receptacle Detents	X	X					
P2662A	.050 (1.27)	.710 (18.03)	.067 (1.7)	30	3	S2662A-3ED	Receptacle Detents		X					
P2662B	.050 (1.27)	.575 (14.60)	.050 (1.27)	30	3	PR261	Receptacle Detents		X	X				
P2663	.075 (1.91)	.810 (20.57)	.067 (1.7)	10	3	S2663	Receptacle Detents		X	X	X			
P2664	.100 (2.54)	.895 (22.73)	.084 (2.13)	10	5	PR541	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X	X			
P3158	.100 (2.54)	.970 (24.64)	.114 (2.90)	10	8	PR541	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X	X			
P5160	.100 (2.54)	1.310 (33.27)	.167 (4.24)	10	8	PR541	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X	X			
P2665	.125 (3.18)	1.290 (32.77)	.167 (4.24)	10	15	PR80	Receptacle Detents	X	X	X	X			
P2757	.187 (4.75)	1.210 (30.73)	.167 (4.24)	10	20	S2757	Receptacle Detents		X	X	X			
SPL-25D-226	.100 (2.54)	1.37 (34.80)	.133 (3.38)	50	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
SPL-25J-212	.100 (2.54)	1.32 (33.53)	.167 (4.24)	50	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
SPL-25R-203	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.220 (5.59)	50	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
TSC-087	.087 (2.21)	1.10 (27.9)	1.37 (3.5)	39	5	TPR-087-W1K	Threaded		X					
TSC-025	.100 (2.54)	1.41 (35.7)	1.57 (4.0)	25	5	TPR-025-W1K	Threaded		X					
TSC-157	.157 (3.99)	1.15 (28.3)	1.57 (4.0)	25	10	TPR-157-W1/W1K	Threaded		X					





# Tip Styles

TIP STYLE	POGO-72	POGO-1	POGO-25	TIP STYLE	POGO-72	POGO-1	POGO-25
A 		A: .047 (1.19) B: .080 (2.03) C: 90°	A: .060 (1.52) B: .080 (2.03) C: 90°	P 		A: .047 (1.19) B: 90°	
B 		A: 0.22 (0.56) B: 30°	A: .034 (0.86) B: 30°	T 		A: .047 (1.19) B: 30°	A: .060 (1.52) B: 30°
FP 	A: .020 (0.50)	A: 0.22 (0.56)		T1 	A: 0.20 (0.50) B: 30°	A: 0.22 (0.56)	A: .036 (0.91)
H 	A: .035 (0.89) B: .080 (2.03)	A: .047 (1.19) B: .080 (2.03)	A: .060 (1.52) B: .080 (2.03)	T10 			A: 10°
HM 			A: .122 (3.10) B: .080 (2.03) C: .119 (3.02)	T20 	A: 0.20 (0.50) B: 60°		
I 	A: .020 (0.50) B: 90°	A: 0.22 (0.56) B: 90°	A: .034 (0.86) B: 89°	T24 		A: 0.22 (0.56) B: 15°	
I8 	A: .020 (0.50)	A: 0.22 (0.56) B: .020 (0.50)	A: .034 (0.86) B: .033 (0.84)	T30 		A: 0.22 (0.56) B: 30°	A: .034 (0.86) B: 30°
I15 	A: .020 (0.50) B: 155°	A: .021 (0.53) B: 155°	A: .033 (0.84) B: 155°	T36 			A: .034 (0.86) B: 15°
I35 		A: 0.22 (0.56) B: 35°	A: .034 (0.86) B: 35°	T38 	A: .038 (0.97) B: 60° C: 45°		
J 	A: 0.20 (0.50)	A: 0.22 (0.56)	A: .034 (0.86)	U 	A: 0.20 (0.50) B: .018 (0.46)		
L 		A: .033 (0.84) B: .040 (1.02)	A: .050 (1.27) B: .060 (1.52)	UN 		A: .021 (0.53) B: .051 (1.30)	A: .025 (0.64) B: .060 (1.52)
L18 		A: 0.22 (0.56) B: .080 (2.03) C: .018 (0.46)	A: .034 (0.86) B: .150 (3.81) C: .018 (0.46)	V 		A: .047 (1.19) B: .054 (1.37) C: .007 (0.18)	A: .055 (1.40) B: .047 (1.19) C: .009 (0.20)
L24 		A: 0.22 (0.56) B: 60°		Z 		A: .047 (1.19) B: .080 (2.03)	A: .060 (1.52) B: .080 (2.03)
L36 			A: .034 (0.86) B: 60°	Z1 		A: .038 (0.97) B: .080 (2.03)	A: .051 (1.30) B: .080 (2.03)

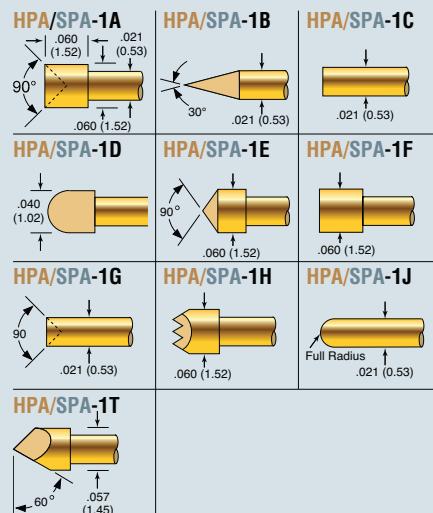
# High & Standard Performance Probes

75 mil, 100 mil Test Centers

## HPA-1/SPA-1



### Actual Size



#### Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.067" (1.70 mm)
Full Travel:	.100" (2.54 mm)
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance (HPA-1):	35 mOhms
Average Probe Resistance (SPA-1):	50 mOhms
Current Rating:	3 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Heat-treated beryllium copper, gold-plated over hard nickel
Plunger:	Heat-treated beryllium copper, rhodium plated over hard nickel
Barrel:	Work-hardened phosphor bronze, HPA-Gold™ plated (I.D. and O.D.) over hard nickel
Spring:	Stainless steel, silver plated

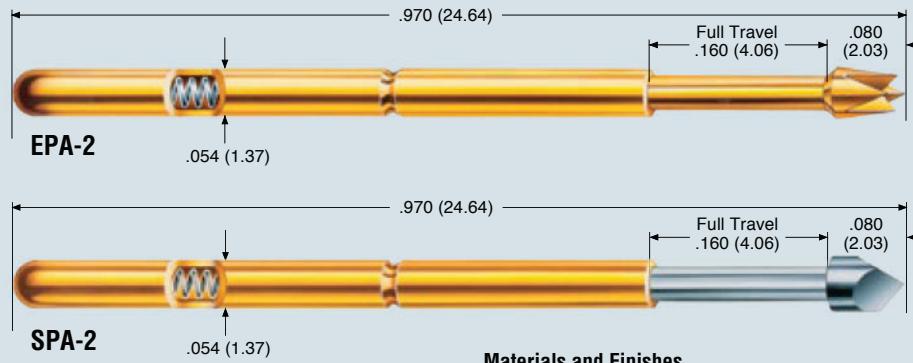
#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Preload	2/3 Travel
Standard	as shown	1.1 (31)	2.5 (71)
Alternate	-1	1.3 (37)	4.5 (128)

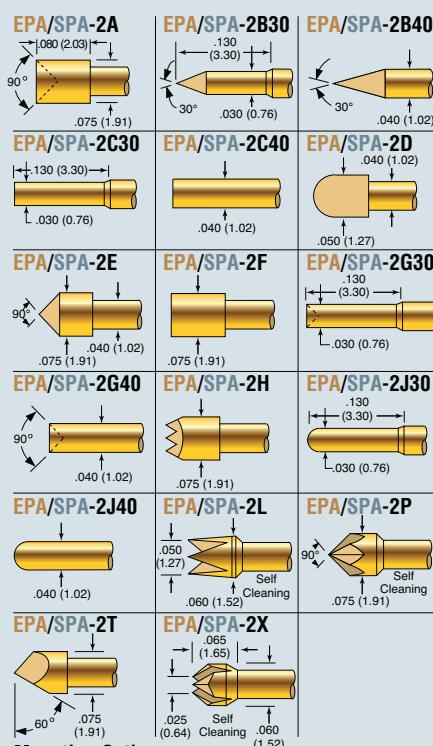
#### Mounting Options

Receptacle(s): SPR-1W, SPR-1W-1, SPR-1W-2, SPR-1W-2M, page 51

## EPA-2/SPA-2



### Actual Size



#### Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.107" (2.72 mm)
Full Travel:	.160" (4.06 mm)
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +105°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance (EPA-2):	35 mOhms
Average Probe Resistance (SPA-2):	50 mOhms
Current Rating:	5 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Heat-treated beryllium copper, gold-plated over hard nickel
Plunger:	Heat-treated beryllium copper, rhodium plated over hard nickel
Barrel:	Work-hardened phosphor bronze, HPA-Gold™ plated (I.D. and O.D.) over hard nickel
Spring:	Silver plated music wire
Ball:	Stainless steel, gold plated

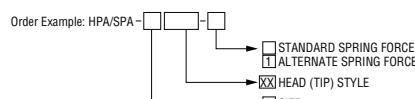
#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Preload	2/3 Travel
Standard	as shown	1.08 (31)	3.5 (99)
Alternate	-1	2.64 (75)	6.5 (184)
Ultra High	-2	4.09 (116)	10.0 (283)

#### Mounting Options

Receptacle(s): SPR-2W, SPR-2W-1, SPR-2W-2, SPR-2W-3, SPR-2Y, page 53

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements, and other applications below -40°C.



Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

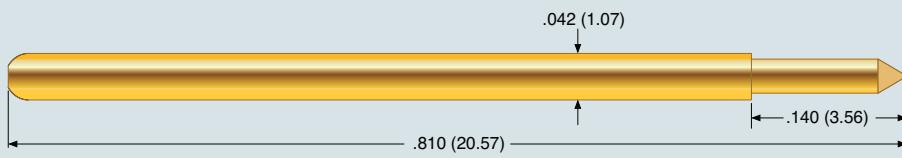




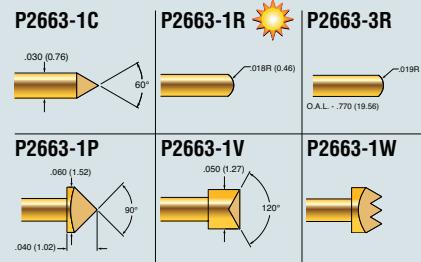
# Standard Continuity Probe

75 mil, 100 mil Test Centers

## P2663



### Actual Size



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	-1	1.5 (42)	3.3 (94)
<b>Alternate</b>	-2	1.0 (28)	2.0 (57)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle S2663 Series, page 56

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.067" (1.70 mm)
Operating Temperature*	-55°C to +150°C
<b>Electrical (Static Conditions)</b>	
Average Probe Resistance	<10 mOhms
Current Rating:	3 amps

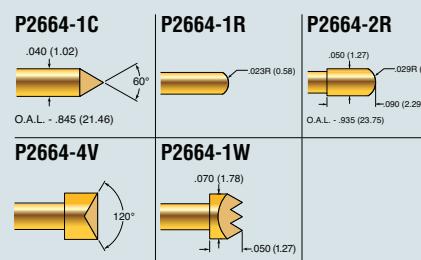
### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Hardened BeCu
Barrel:	Gold-plated phosphorous bronze
Spring:	Stainless steel
Ball:	Stainless steel

## P2664



### Actual Size



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	-1	2.0 (57)	3.6 (102)
<b>Alternate</b>	-2	3.0 (85)	5.70 (162)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle PR541 Series, page 55

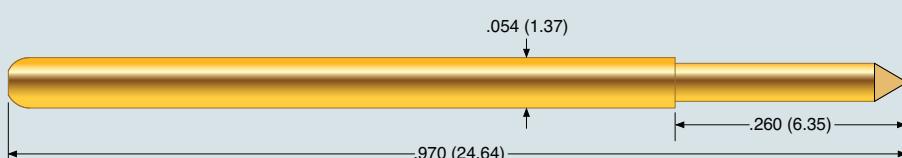
### Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.084" (2.13 mm)
Operating Temperature*	-55°C to +150°C
<b>Electrical (Static Conditions)</b>	
Average Probe Resistance	<10 mOhms
Current Rating:	5 amps

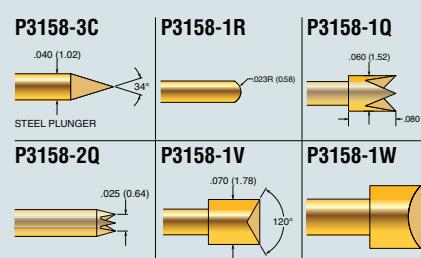
### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Hardened BeCu
Barrel:	Gold-plated phosphorous bronze
Spring:	Stainless steel
Ball:	Stainless steel

## P3158



### Actual Size



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	-1	2.7 (77)	6.9 (196)
<b>Alternate</b>	-2	1.3 (37)	2.8 (79)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle PR541 Series, page 55

### Mechanical

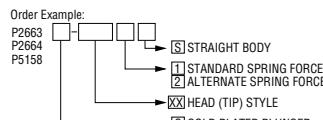
Rec. Travel:	.114" (2.90 mm)
Operating Temperature*	-55°C to +105°C
<b>Electrical (Static Conditions)</b>	
Average Probe Resistance	<10 mOhms
Current Rating:	8 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Hardened BeCu (except as noted)
Barrel:	Gold-plated phosphorous bronze
Spring:	Music wire
Ball:	Stainless steel

Denotes Solar Application

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements, and other applications below -40°C.

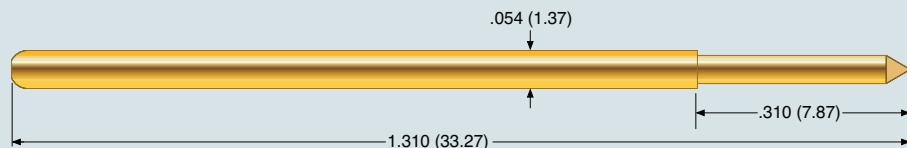


Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

# Standard Continuity Probe

100 mil, 125 mil, 187 mil Test Centers

## P5160



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	-1	2.5 (71)	6.5 (184)
<b>Alternate</b>	-2	1.7 (48)	3.5 (99)
<b>Alternate</b>	-3	2.5 (71)	8.2 (232)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle PR54 Series, page 55

### Mechanical

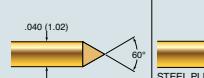
Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)  
Operating Temperature\*: -55°C to +105°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

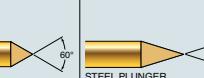
Average Probe Resistance <10 mOhms  
Current Rating: 8 amps

### Actual Size

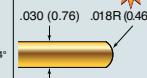
P5160-2C



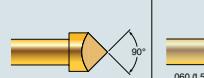
P5160-3C



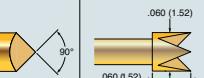
P5160-1R



P5160-3P



P5160-1Q



P5160-1V



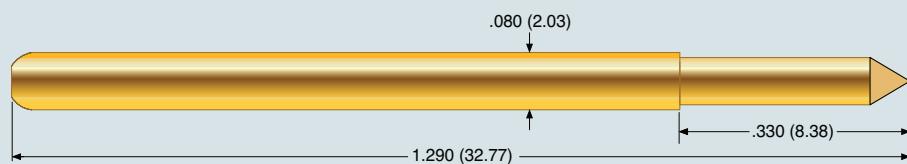
P5160-2W



### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated phosphorous bronze  
Spring: Music wire  
Ball: Stainless steel

## P2665



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	-1	1.5 (43)	3.0 (85)
<b>Alternate</b>	-2	2.5 (71)	5.8 (164)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle PR80 Series, page 55

### Mechanical

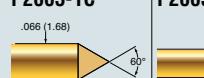
Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)  
Operating Temperature\*: -55°C to +150°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <10 mOhms  
Current Rating: 15 amps

### Actual Size

P2665-1C



P2665-1R



P2665-1V



P2665-1W



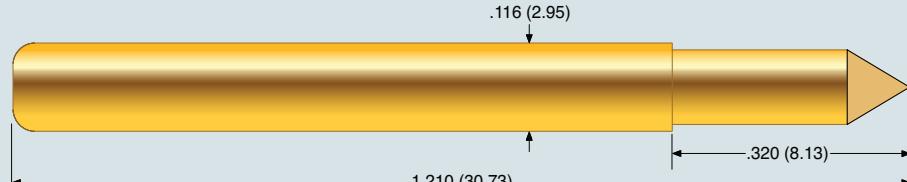
P2665-2W



### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated phosphorous bronze  
Spring: Stainless steel  
Ball: Stainless steel

## P2757



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	-1	2 (57)	4.0 (113)
<b>Alternate</b>	-2	3.5 (99)	6.85 (194)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle S2757 Series, page 56

### Mechanical

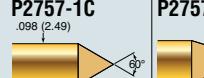
Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)  
Operating Temperature\*: -55°C to +150°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <10 mOhms  
Current Rating: 20 amps

### Actual Size

P2757-1C



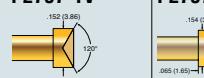
P2757-2C



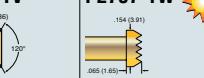
P2757-1R



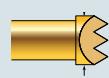
P2757-1V



P2757-2W



P2757-3W



### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated phosphorous bronze  
Spring: Stainless steel  
Ball: Stainless steel

Denotes Solar Application

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements, and other applications below -40°C.

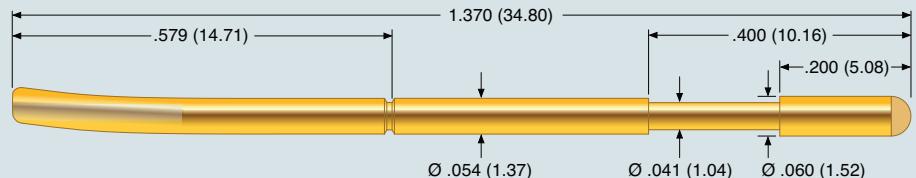
Order Example: P2665  
P2757  
S STRAIGHT BODY  
1 STANDARD SPRING FORCE  
2 ALTERNATE SPRING FORCE  
X HEAD (TIP) STYLE  
G GOLD PLATED PLUNGER

Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

# "Anti Walk Out" Special Continuity Probe

100 mil Test Centers

## SPL-25D-226



### Actual Size

**SPL-25D-226**



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	1.71 (48)	3.14 (89)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle SPR-25 Series, page 51

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .133" (3.40 mm)  
Full Travel: .200" (5.08 mm)  
Operating Temperature\*: -55°C to +105°C

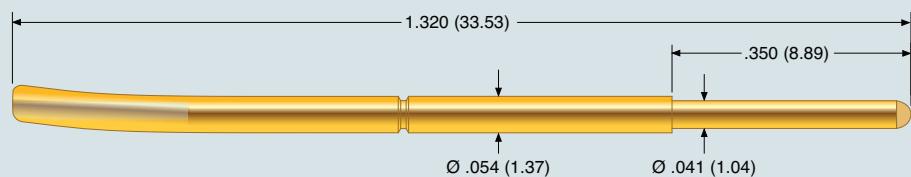
### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <50 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Silver-plated hardened Nickel  
Spring: Silver-plated Music wire

## SPL-25J-212



### Actual Size

**SPL-25J-212**



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	1.72 (49)	3.5 (100)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle SPR-25 Series, page 51

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)  
Full Travel: .250" (6.35 mm)  
Operating Temperature\*: -55°C to +105°C

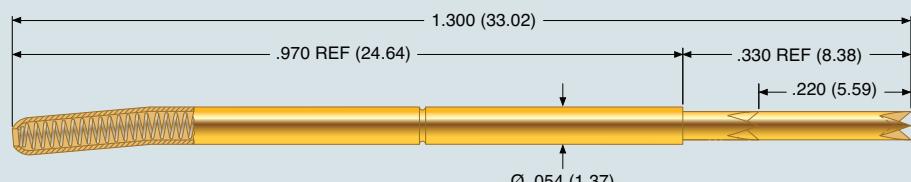
### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <50 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver  
Spring: Music wire  
Ball: Stainless steel

## SPL-25R-203



### Actual Size

**SPL-25R-203**



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	0.6 (17)	2.0 (57)

### Mounting Options

Receptacle SPR-25 Series, page 51

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .220" (5.60 mm)  
Full Travel: .330" (8.40 mm)  
Operating Temperature\*: -55°C to +105°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <50 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

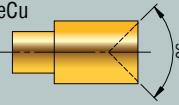
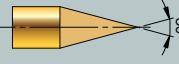
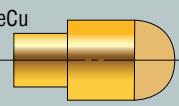
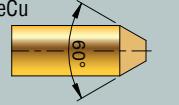
### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver  
Spring: Music wire

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements,  
and other applications below -40°C.

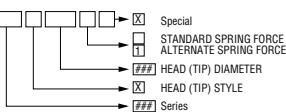


# Tip Styles

TIP STYLE	TSC-087	TSC-025	TSC-157	
A	BeCu 	A180 ( $\varnothing .071''$ )	A200 ( $\varnothing .079''$ )	
B	BeCu 		B130 ( $\varnothing .051''$ )	
C	BeCu 		C080 ( $\varnothing .032''$ ) C100 ( $\varnothing .039''$ ) C140 ( $\varnothing .055''$ ) C180 ( $\varnothing .071''$ )	
D	BeCu 			D300 ( $\varnothing .118''$ ) 
F	BeCu 		F150 ( $\varnothing .059''$ ) F200 ( $\varnothing .079''$ )	F230 ( $\varnothing .091''$ )
FB	BeCu 			BF180 ( $\varnothing .071''$ )
H	BeCu 	H130 ( $\varnothing .051''$ )	H150 ( $\varnothing .059''$ ) H180 ( $\varnothing .071''$ ) H200 ( $\varnothing .079''$ )	H230 ( $\varnothing .091''$ ) H250 ( $\varnothing .098''$ ) H300 ( $\varnothing .118''$ ) H400 ( $\varnothing .158''$ )
J	BeCu 	J061 ( $\varnothing .024''$ ) J065 ( $\varnothing .026''$ ) J075 ( $\varnothing .030''$ )	J064 ( $\varnothing .025''$ ) J080 ( $\varnothing .032''$ ) J100 ( $\varnothing .039''$ ) J130 ( $\varnothing .051''$ )	J080 ( $\varnothing .032''$ ) J140 ( $\varnothing .055''$ ) J180 ( $\varnothing .071''$ )

General Purpose - Replaceable

 Denotes Solar Application

Order Example: TSC-  


Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

## Contents

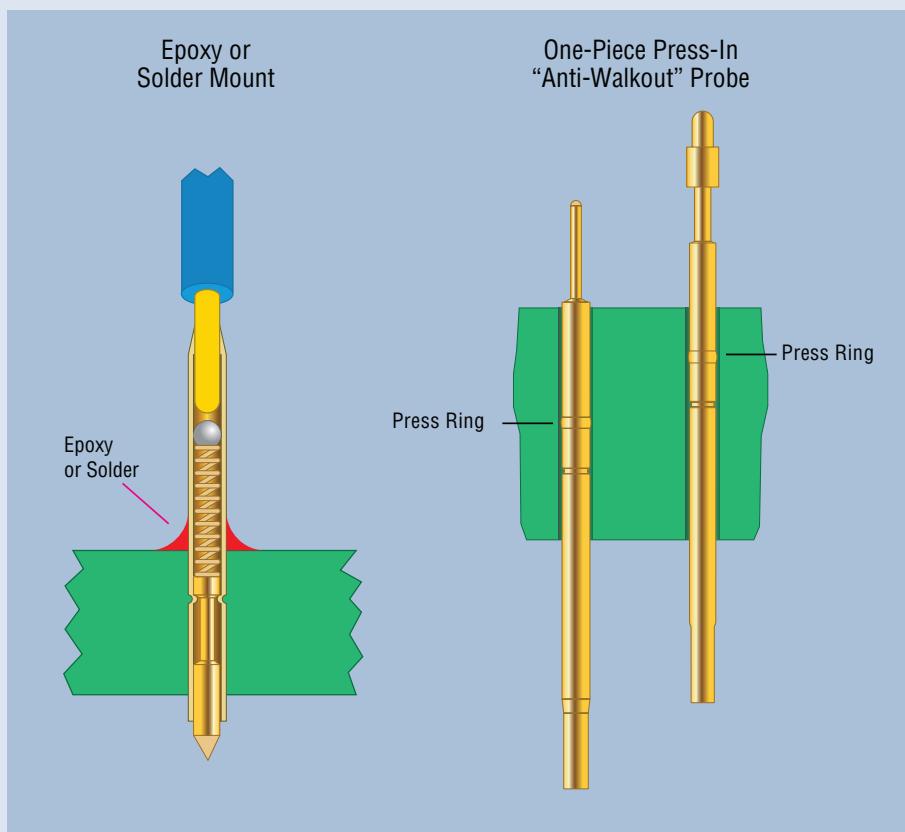
The ECT / Pylon line of standard products include non-replaceable Pogo Contacts. They differ from the replaceable contacts in that they do not require a socket and are designed to be permanently mounted.

General Purpose, Non-Replaceable Probes are those designed for industrial applications where typical probe life meets or exceeds those of the end-use product. They are typically located inside the end product where probe replacement is either impossible or end-product damage would occur. Electrical connections are typically made with a soldered connection for electrical and mechanical stability.

The probe is retained in the retention plate either with epoxy, solder or with a "press ring" on the outside of the probe body.

Non-replaceable Pogo Contacts are another example of ECT's and Pylon's quality and innovation and how it can work for you.

A-A-S.....	20	P2532.....	22
A-S .....	20	P2550.....	22
C-S .....	20	SPG-01J-008 .....	22
E-S .....	21	SPL-02C-170.....	23
F-S.....	21	SPL-25J-289.....	23
G-S .....	21	SPL-25J-392.....	23



# General Purpose - Non-Replaceable Probes

Model	Pitch (inch/mm)	OAL (inch/mm)	Recommended Travel (inch/mm)	Probe Resistance mΩ	Current Capacity Continuous (Amps)	Receptacle	Probe Retention Method	Crimp	Solder	WW	Round Post	Push-On Terminal	Fastite	Pre-Wired
A-A-S	.040 (1.0)	.310 (7.87)	.020 (0.51)	30	2	-	Epoxy	X						
A-S	.050 (1.27)	.230 (5.84)	.020 (0.51)	30	2	-	Epoxy	X						
C-S	.075 (1.91)	.395 (10.03)	.030 (0.76)	30	5	-	Epoxy	X						
E-S	.100 (2.54)	.495 (12.57)	.043 (1.09)	30	5	-	Epoxy	X						
F-S	.125 (3.18)	.780 (19.81)	.066 (1.68)	30	5	-	Epoxy	X						
G-S	.125 (3.18)	.780 (19.81)	.067 (1.68)	30	5	-	Epoxy	X						
P2532	.156 (3.96)	.812 (20.62)	.093 (2.36)	30	5	-	Epoxy	X						
P2550	.187 (4.75)	1.45 (36.91)	.167 (4.24)	30	5	-	Epoxy	X						
SPG-01J-008	.075 (1.91)	1.52 (38.6)	.167 (4.24)	10	6	-	Press-in	X						
SPL-02C-170	.100 (2.54)	1.17 (29.72)	.107 (2.72)	35	5	-	Press-in	X						
SPL-25J-289	.100 (2.54)	1.50 (38.1)	.233 (5.92)	35	5	-	Press-in	X						
SPL-25J-392	.100 (2.54)	1.39 (35.3)	.233 (5.92)	35	5	-	Press-in	X						

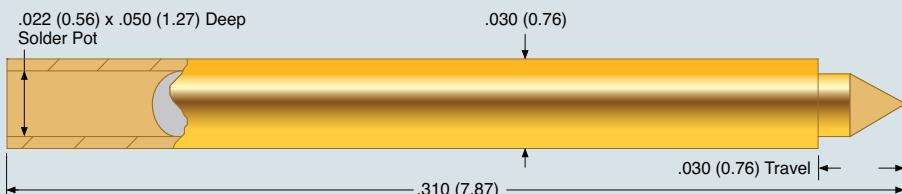


# Standard Continuity Probe

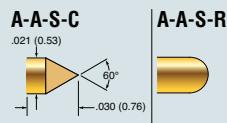
40 mil, 50 mil, 75 mil Test Centers

## A-A-S

### 40 mil (1 mm) Test Centers



#### Actual Size



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	0.5 (14)	2.0 (57)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0315 (#68 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 40 mil (1mm)  
Rec. Travel: .020" (0.51 mm)  
Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

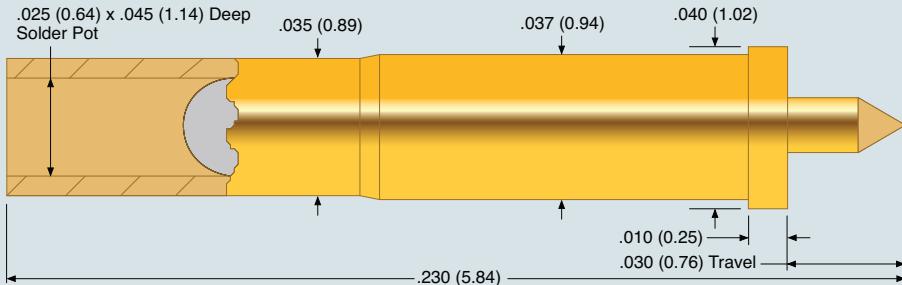
Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms  
Current Rating: 2 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated phosphorous bronze  
Spring: Gold-plated stainless steel  
Ball: Gold-plated stainless steel

## A-S

### 50 mil (1.27 mm) Test Centers



#### Actual Size



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	0.7 (20)	1.3 (37)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0380 (#62 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 50 mil (1.27mm)  
Rec. Travel: .020" (0.51 mm)  
Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

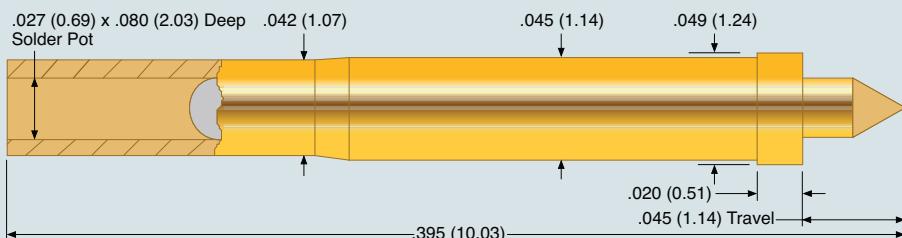
Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms  
Current Rating: 2 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

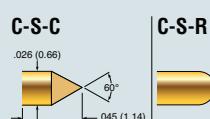
Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated brass  
Spring: Gold-plated stainless steel  
Ball: Gold-plated stainless steel

## C-S

### 75 mil (1.91 mm) Test Centers



#### Actual Size



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	.5 (14)	3.4 (96)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0465 (#56 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 75 mil (1.91 mm)  
Rec. Travel: .030" (0.76 mm)  
Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated brass  
Spring: Gold-plated stainless steel  
Ball: Gold-plated stainless steel

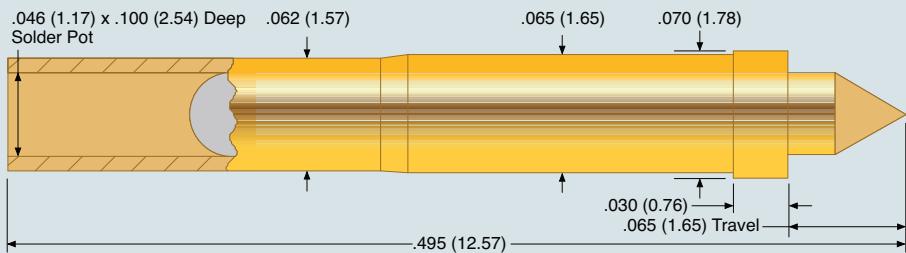
\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements,  
and other applications below -40°C.

# Standard Continuity Probe

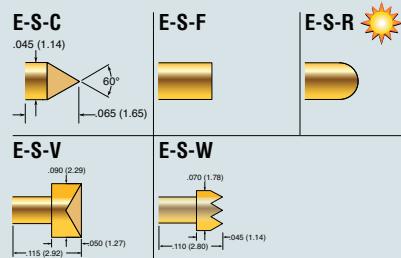
100 mil, 125 mil Test Centers

## E-S

### 100 mil (2.54 mm) Test Centers



#### Actual Size



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	1.0 (29)	2.75 (78)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0670 (#51 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 100 mil (2.54 mm)  
Rec. Travel: .043" (1.09 mm)  
Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

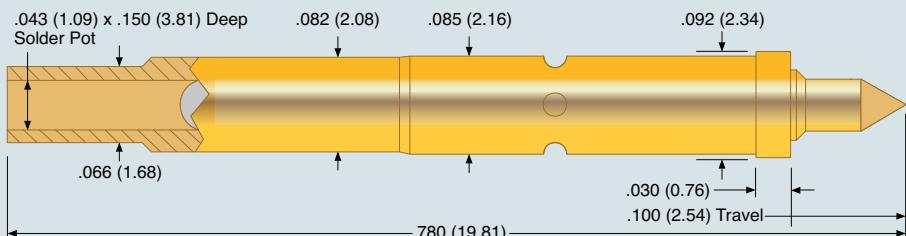
Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

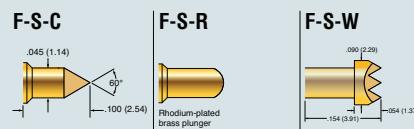
Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated brass  
Spring: Gold-plated stainless steel  
Ball: Gold-plated stainless steel

## F-S

### 125 mil (3.18 mm) Test Centers



#### Actual Size



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	2.0 (57)	6.0 (170)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0860 (#44 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 125 mil (3.18 mm)  
Rec. Travel: .066" (1.68 mm)  
Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

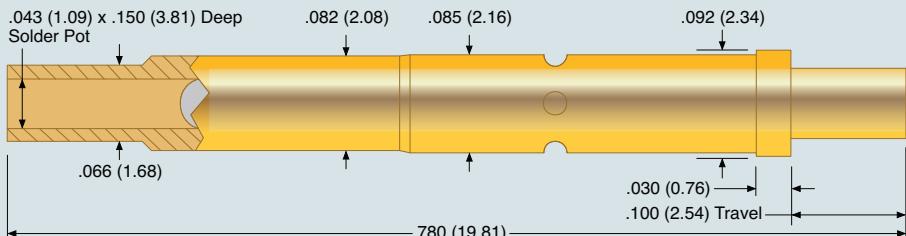
Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

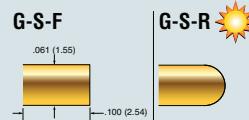
Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated brass  
Spring: Gold-plated stainless steel  
Ball: Gold-plated stainless steel

## G-S

### 125 mil (3.18 mm) Test Centers



#### Actual Size



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	3.0 (85)	6.0 (170)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0860 (#44 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 125 mil (3.18 mm)  
Rec. Travel: .067" (1.68 mm)  
Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu  
Barrel: Gold-plated brass  
Spring: Gold-plated stainless steel  
Ball: Gold-plated stainless steel

Denotes Solar Application

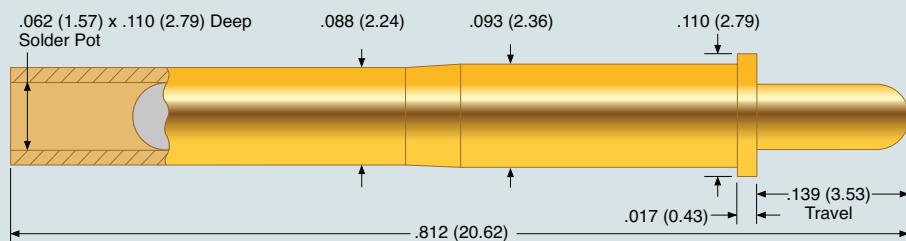
\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements,  
and other applications below -40°C.

Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

# Standard Continuity Probe

156 mil, 187 mil, 75 mil Test Centers

## P2532 ☼



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	1.0 (28)	2.3 (65)

### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0945 (2.4 mm)

### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 156 mil (3.96 mm)

Rec. Travel: .093" (2.36 mm)

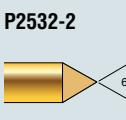
Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

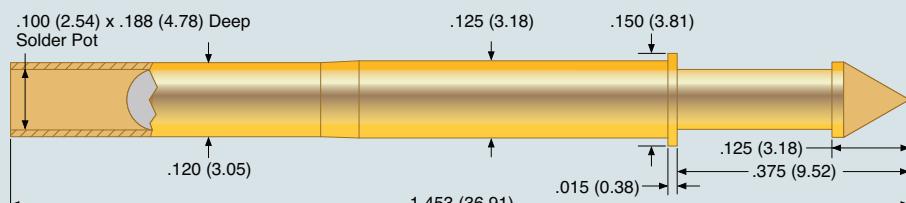
Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms

Current Rating: 5 amps

### Actual Size



## P2550



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	1.20 (34)	3.10 (88)

### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .1260 (3.2 mm)

### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 187 mil (4.75 mm)

Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)

Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

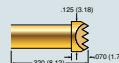
Average Probe Resistance <30 mOhms

Current Rating: 5 amps

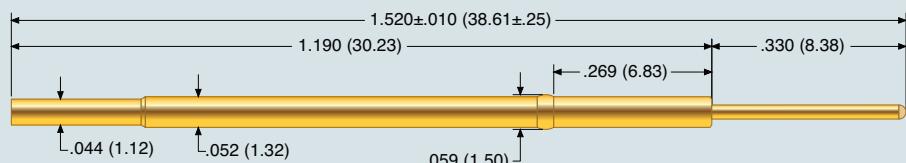
### Actual Size



### P2550-9



## SPG-01J-008



### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
Standard (Light)	-1	0.94 (27)	2.0 (57)

### Mounting Options

Mounting Hole Size: .053/.055 (1.35/1.40)

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)

Full Travel: .250" (6.35 mm)

Operating Temperature: -55°C to +105°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance: <10 mOhms

Current Rating: 6 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Heat treated tool steel, gold-plated over hard nickel

Barrel: Work-hardened phosphorous bronze, gold plated (I.D. and O.D.) over hard nickel

Spring: Music wire

Ball: Stainless steel

☼ Denotes Solar Application

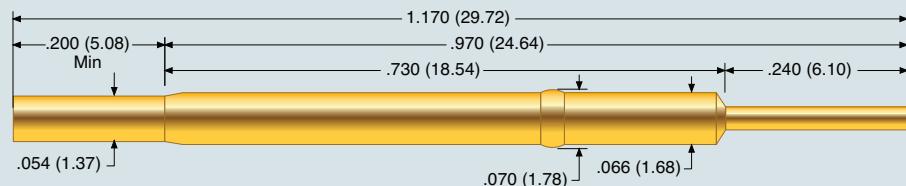
\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements, and other applications below -40°C.

Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

# Standard Continuity Probe

100 mil Test Centers

## SPL-02C-170



Actual Size

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard</b>	-1	1.68 (47.63)	3.75 (106.3)

### Mounting Options

Mounting Hole Size: .067/.069 (1.70/1.75)  
Recommended Drill Size: #51 or 1.75mm

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .107" (2.72 mm)  
Operating Temperature: -55°C to +150°C

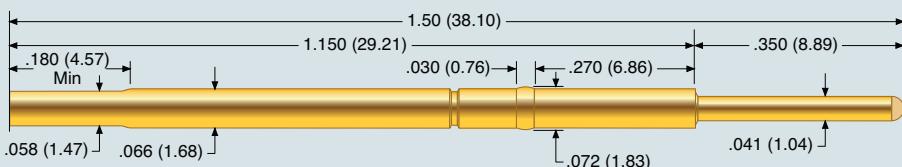
### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance: <35 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Rhodium-plated beryllium copper
Barrel:	Gold-plated nickel silver
Spring:	Silver-plated music wire
Ball:	Stainless steel

## SPL-25J-289



Actual Size

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard (Light)</b>	-1	0.25 (7)	1.16 (3)

### Mounting Options

Mounting Hole Size: .067/.069 (1.70/1.75)  
Recommended Wire Gauge: 22-26 AWG  
Recommended Drill Size: #51 or 1.75mm

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)  
Full Travel: .350" (8.89 mm)  
Operating Temperature: -55°C to +105°C

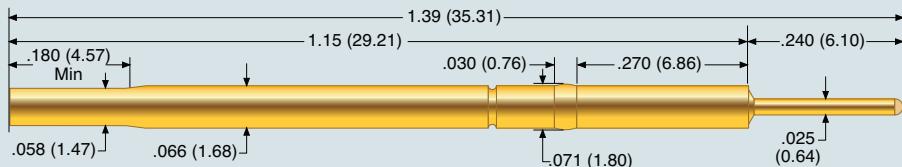
### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance: <35 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Gold-plated hardened beryllium copper
Barrel:	Gold-plated nickel silver
Spring:	Silver-plated music wire
Ball:	Stainless steel

## SPL-25J-392



Actual Size

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Order Code	Initial	Working
<b>Standard (Light)</b>	-1	0.28 (7.94)	2.5 (71)

### Mounting Options

Mounting Hole Size: .067/.069 (1.70/1.75)  
Recommended Wire Gauge: 22-26 AWG  
Recommended Drill Size: #51 or 1.75mm

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .233" (5.92 mm)  
Full Travel: .240" (6.10 mm)  
Operating Temperature: -55°C to +105°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance: <35 mOhms  
Current Rating: 5 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Gold-plated hardened beryllium copper
Barrel:	Gold-plated beryllium copper
Spring:	Silver-plated music wire
Ball:	Stainless steel

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements, and other applications below -40°C.

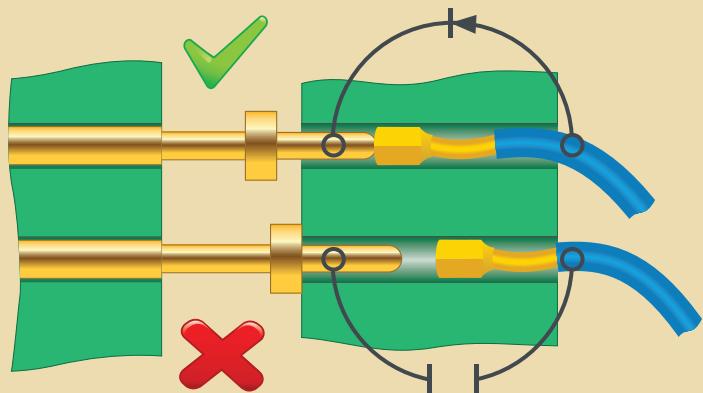
## Contents

A "Step" or "Hat" probe indicates the concept of using a "step" to control the distance of probe tip entry into a wire harness connector housing, thus allowing electrical contact to be made to a terminal without actually entering the terminal. Though used almost exclusively in the wire harness testing industry they can also be used in ICT and FCT testing.

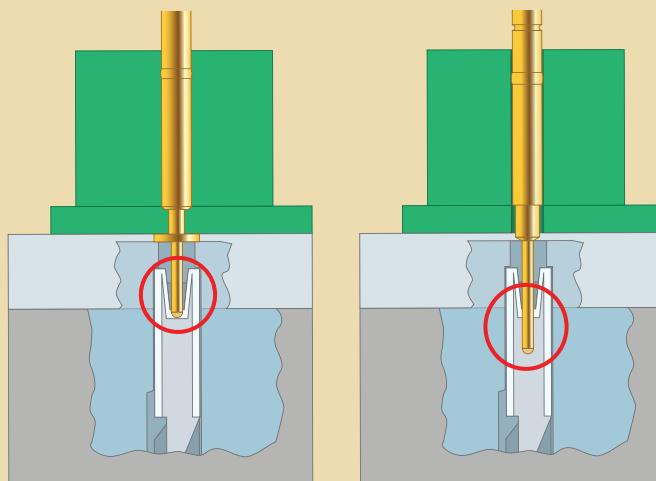
The critical areas of the connector terminal remain virgin to assure proper conductivity and intermetallic relationships once the harness is assembled into its end use.

ECT offers a variety of pitches and step depths to accommodate most harness test requirements. Depending on the customer preference, Step Probes can be either replaceable or non-replaceable.

STP-25 Series .....	26	SPL-03 Series .....	27
SPL-25 Series .....	26	SPL-25J-372 .....	27
STP-1 Series .....	27		



Step Tip vs. Standard Tip



## Step Probes

<b>Model</b>	<b>Pitch (inch/mm)</b>	<b>OAL (inch/mm)</b>	<b>Recommended Travel (inch/mm)</b>	<b>Probe Resistance mΩ</b>	<b>Current Capacity Continuous (Amps)</b>	<b>Receptacle</b>	<b>Probe Retention Method</b>	<b>Crimp</b>	<b>Solder</b>	<b>WW</b>	<b>Round Post</b>	<b>Push-On Terminal</b>	<b>Fastite</b>	<b>Pre-Wired</b>
<b>STP-25</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.120 (4.57)	35	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>SPL-25C-393</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.110 (2.79)	35	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>SPL-25F-401</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.120 (4.57)	35	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>SPL-25J-339</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.110 (2.79)	35	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>SPL-25J-381</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.167 (4.24)	35	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>SPL-25J-410</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.167 (4.24)	35	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>SPL-25J-411</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.120 (4.57)	35	5	SPR-25 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>STP-1</b>	.075 (1.91)	1.30 (33.02)	.120 (4.57)	35	3	LTR-1 Series	Receptacle Detents/ Pylon Bend	X	X	X	X			
<b>SPL-03C-090</b>	.125 (3.18)	1.53 (38.86)	.220 (5.59)	50	6	-	Press-In	X						
<b>SPL-03C-114</b>	.125 (3.18)	1.53 (38.86)	.127 (3.22)	50	6	-	Press-In	X						
<b>SPL-03C-153</b>	.125 (3.18)	1.53 (38.86)	.127 (3.22)	50	6	-	Press-In	X						
<b>SPL-25J-372</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.48 (37.6)	.120 (4.57)	35	5	-	Press-In	X						







## Contents

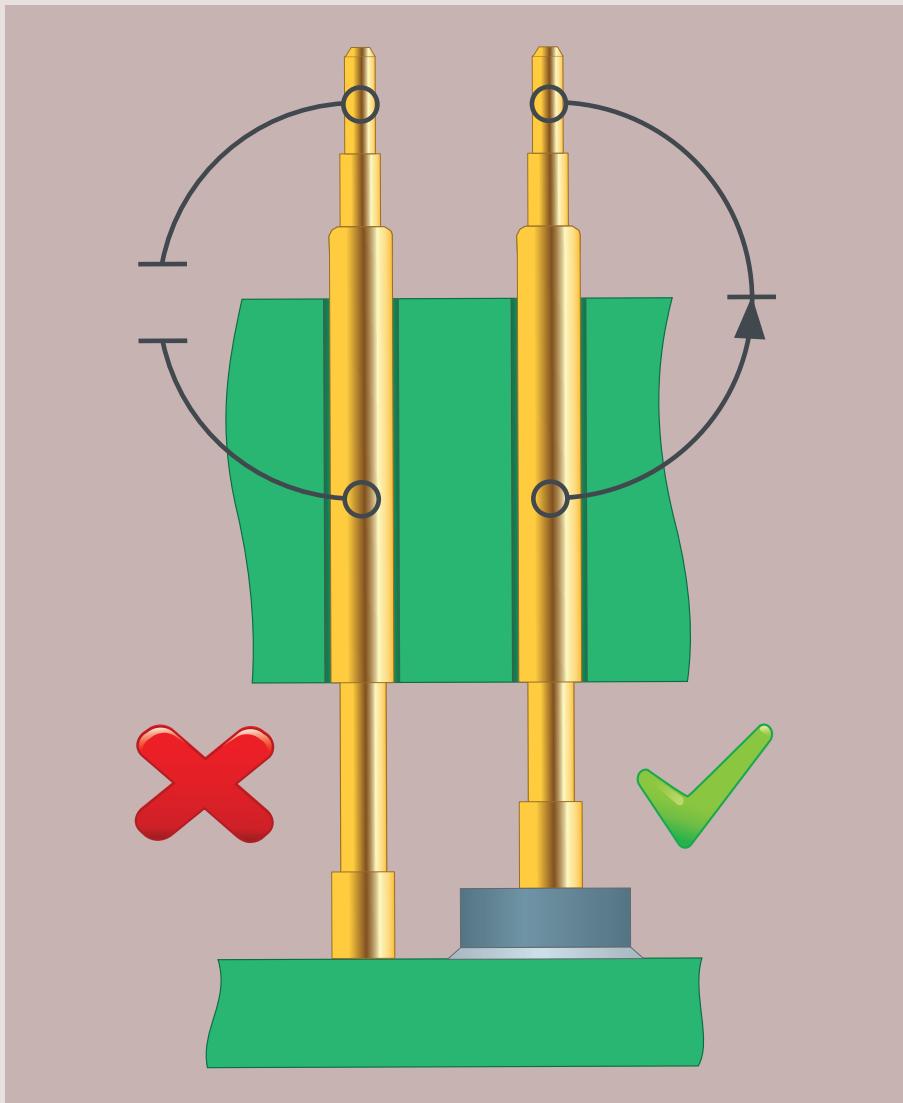
A switch probe is designed primarily for “presence/electrical” test applications such as detecting the absence or presence of contacts within a wire harness connector.

In this case, the switch probe provides electrical interconnection and verifies the connector has been manufactured properly. If contacts are missing or out of place, the part is rejected.

If all the contacts are in place, the part is accepted and an electrical test is performed, verifying electrical integrity of the connector and the wires within the harness.

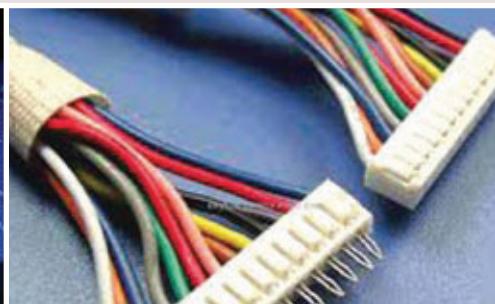
In many board test applications, a switch probe is used to detect only the physical presence of a device or if the orientation of the component (connector) is correct and does not perform an electrical test.

MSP-3C .....	30	TSP-100 .....	32
SPL-03C-069.....	30	TSP-138 .....	32
MSP-5C .....	30	TSP-157 .....	32
SSP-5C .....	31	TPR-100 .....	33
MSP-25C .....	31	TPR-138 .....	33
SSP-812023 .....	31	TPR-157 .....	33



# Switch Probes

Model	Pitch (inch/mm)	OAL (inch/mm)	Recommended Travel (inch/mm)	Probe Resistance mΩ	Current Capacity Continuous (Amps)	Receptacle	Probe Retention Method	Crimp	Solder	WW	Round Post	Push-On Terminal	Fastite	Pre-Wired
<b>MSP-3C</b>	.125 (3.18)	2.14 (54.50)	.085 (2.16)	50	3	SPR-3W	Detents			X				
<b>SPL-03C-069</b>	.125 (3.18)	1.83 (46.48)	.330 (8.38)	50	3	N/A	Press-In			X				
<b>MSP-5C</b>	.187 (4.75)	2.26 (57.40)	.132 (3.35)	20	5	SPR-5W	Detents			X				
<b>SSP-5C</b>	.187 (4.75)	1.21 (30.73)	.100 (2.54)	50	5	SSR-5Y	Detents			X				
<b>MSP-25C</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.69 (42.93)	.085 (2.16)	50	3	SPR-25W	Detents			X				
<b>SSP-812023</b>	.500 (12.7)	1.64 (41.66)	0.24 (6.1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	Hex Nut			X				
<b>TSP-100</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.99 (50.6)	.157 (4.0)	20	5	TPR-100-Y/W1K	Threaded	X		X				
<b>TSP-138</b>	.138 (3.50)	1.76 (44.8)	.157 (4.0)	20	10	TPR-138-Y/YK/W1K	Threaded	X		X				
<b>TSP-157</b>	.157 (4.0)	.984 (25.0)	.157 (4.0)	20	10	TPR-157-YK/W1K	Threaded	X		X				





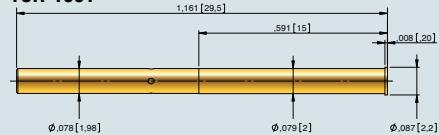




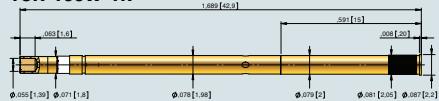
# Tip Styles

## TSR-100

**TSR-100Y**

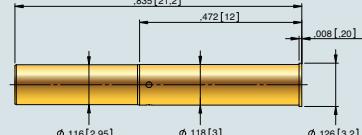


**TSR-100W-1K**

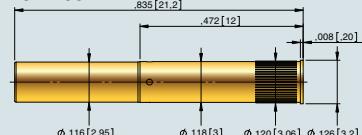


## TSR-138

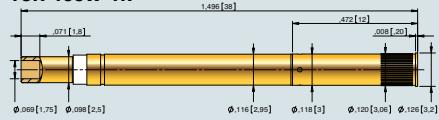
**TSR-138Y**



**TSR-138YK**

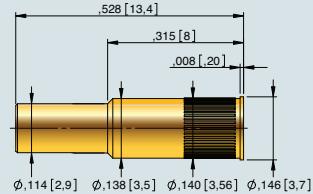


**TSR-138W-1K**

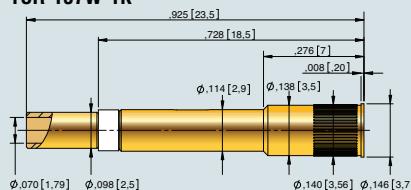


## TSR-157

**TSR-157YK**

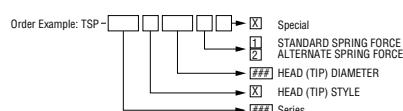


**TSR-157W-1K**



		<b>TSP-100</b>	<b>TSP-138</b>
<b>C</b>	BeCu	C100 ( $\varnothing$ .039")	C180 ( $\varnothing$ .071")
<b>F</b>	BeCu	F180 ( $\varnothing$ .071") F230 ( $\varnothing$ .091") F300 ( $\varnothing$ .118") F350 ( $\varnothing$ .138") F400 ( $\varnothing$ .158")	
<b>H</b>	BeCu	H150 ( $\varnothing$ .059") H180 ( $\varnothing$ .071")	H100 ( $\varnothing$ .039") H230 ( $\varnothing$ .091")
<b>J</b>	BeCu	J100 ( $\varnothing$ .039")	
<b>FK</b>	Insulated	FK180 ( $\varnothing$ .071")	FK230 ( $\varnothing$ .091") FK300 ( $\varnothing$ .118") FK400 ( $\varnothing$ .158")

		<b>TSP-138L</b>	<b>TSP-157</b>
<b>C</b>	BeCu		C100 ( $\varnothing$ .039")
<b>F</b>	BeCu	F350 ( $\varnothing$ .138")	F200 ( $\varnothing$ .079")
<b>H</b>	BeCu		H200 ( $\varnothing$ .079")



Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

## Contents

For powered functional testing of connectors, wire harnesses, modules and other devices drawing up to 50A, our high current probes feature low resistance plungers and multiple-point, high-current-capacity tips. Only Everett Charles Technologies offers a complete line of high current probes for .100, .125 and .187-inch test centers. And only Everett Charles Technologies provides direct technical support to help you make the most of them.

### Technical Notes

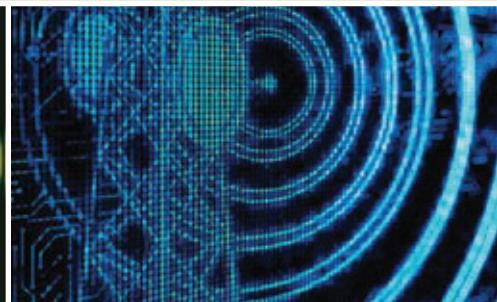
The maximum continuous current rating of a spring probe is determined by its design, size and construction. Typical probes are rated from 2 to 5 amps maximum current (non-inductive) at working travel. While this is sufficient for most board test applications, higher current probes are sometimes required. ECT High-Current Probes (HCP series) are capable of carrying electrical current up to 50 amps.

P2447 .....	36	THC-197 .....	39
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P4301 .....	36	K-50L .....	40
HCP-13 (HC80) .....	37	K-50H-S .....	40
HCP-14 (HC93) .....	37	K-50L-QG .....	40
HCP-15 (HC125) .....	37	K-50L-QG-75 .....	41
HCP-25 .....	38	K-50L-QG-75R .....	41
THC-025 .....	38	CSP-03G-003 .....	41
THC-157 .....	38		

# High Current & High Frequency Probes

MODEL	Pitch (inch/mm)	OAL (inch/mm)	Recommended Travel (inch/mm)	Probe Resistance mΩ	Current Capacity Continuous (Amps)	Receptacle	Probe Retention Method	Crimp	Solder	WW	Round Post	Push-On Terminal	Fastite	Pre-Wired
<b>P2447</b>	.225 (5.72)	1.145 (29.08)	.200 (5.08)	10	10	N/A	Epoxy	X						
<b>P3325</b>	.125 (3.18)	.645 (16.38)	.066 (1.68)	10	10	N/A	Epoxy	X						
<b>P4301</b>	.250 (6.35)	1.750 (44.45)	.167 (4.24)	5	45	BR4301/BR4301K	Epoxy/Detents				1			
<b>HCP-13</b>	.125 (3.18)	1.30 (33.02)	.167 (4.24)	25	15	SPR-3	Detents	X	X	X	X			
<b>HCP-14</b>	.187 (4.75)	1.32 (33.53)	.167 (4.24)	25	25	SPR-4	Detents	X	X	X		X		
<b>HCP-15</b>	.187 (4.75)	1.42 (36.07)	.167 (4.24)	25	35	SPR-5	Detents	X	X					
<b>HCP-25</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.30 (33.02)	.167 (4.24)	25	10	SPR-25	Detents	X	X	X	X	X		
<b>THC-025</b>	.100 (2.54)	1.406 (35.7)	.157 (4.0)	10	20	TPR-025-W1K	Threaded							
<b>THC-157</b>	.157 (4.00)	1.11 (28.3)	.157 (4.0)	8	26	TPR-157-W1/W1K	Threaded							
<b>THC-197</b>	.197 (5.00)	1.697 (43.1)	.173 (4.4)	5	50	TPR-197-W1	Threaded							
<b>TKP-138</b>	.138 (3.5)	1.764 (44.8)	.157 (4.0)			-								
<b>K-50L</b>		1.83 (46.4)	.225 (5.72)	10	6	-								
<b>K-50H-S</b>		1.21 (30.6)		10	6	-								
<b>K-50L-QG</b>				10	6	-								
<b>K-50L-QG-75</b>		1.575 (40.0)	.067 (1.70)	35	3	-								
<b>K-50L-QG-75R</b>		1.637 (41.58)	.067 (1.70)	15	3	-								
<b>CSP-03G-003</b>				50	6	-								

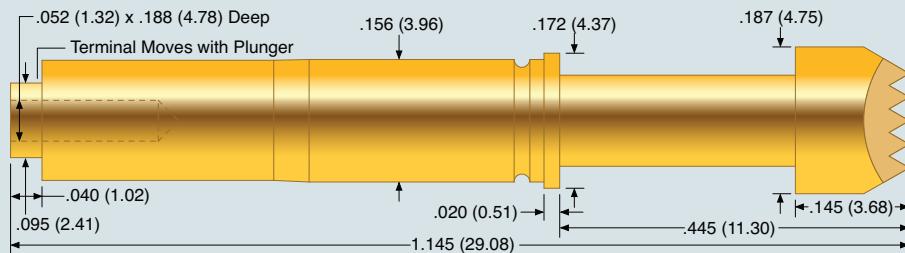
1 - P4301 has threaded terminal



# Feed Through Probe

10A, 50A Current Rating

## P2447 ☀



### Actual Size



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	6.0 (170)	14.0 (397)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .1570 (#22 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 225 mil (5.72 mm)

Rec. Travel: .200" (5.08 mm)

Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <10 mOhms

Current Rating: 10 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

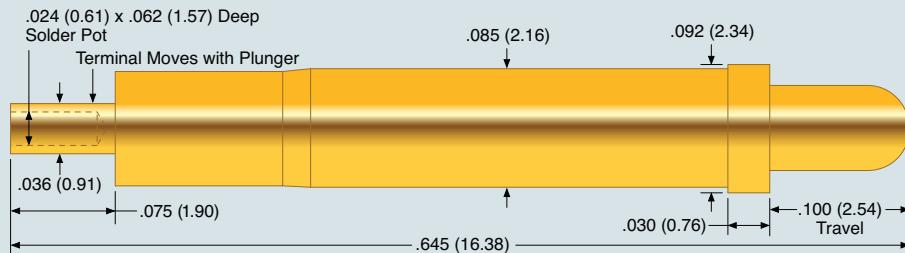
Plunger: Nickel-plated hardened BeCu

Barrel: Brass

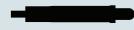
Spring: Stainless steel

Terminal: Nickel-plated brass

## P3325



### Actual Size



#### P3325-0



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	5.0 (142)	8.3 (235)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .0680 (#44 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 125 mil (3.18 mm)

Rec. Travel: .066" (1.68 mm)

Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +105°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <10 mOhms

Current Rating: 10 amps

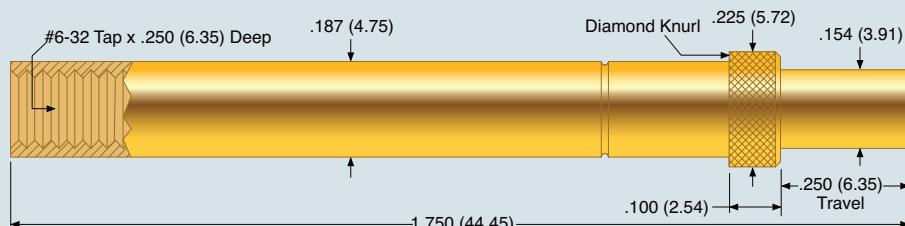
#### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated hardened BeCu

Barrel: Brass

Spring: Music wire

## P4301



### Actual Size



#### P4301-1W



#### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Initial	Working
Standard	16.0 (454)	25.7 (729)

#### Mounting Options

Epoxy mounting  
recommended hole ø .1890 (#12 drill)

#### Mechanical

Minimum Test Centers: 250 mil (6.35 mm)

Rec. Travel: .167" (4.24 mm)

Operating Temperature\* -55°C to +150°C

#### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance <5 mOhms

Current Rating: 50 amps

#### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Gold-plated tellurium Copper

Barrel: Gold-plated tellurium Copper

Spring: Stainless steel

Ball: Stainless steel

☀ Denotes Solar Application

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements,  
and other applications below -40°C.

Dimensions in inches (millimeters)

Specifications subject to change without notice











## Contents

Battery Probes are typically contained in modules where consistent, long-life, low-resistance, compliant electrical and mechanical connections are required. They are typically molded into a housing and soldered either to mating PCB or terminal to provide a permanent stable and reliable electrical and mechanical connection.

Everett Charles Technologies versatile line of battery interconnect probes gives you design flexibility to match your performance, cost, and assembly requirements. Our design expertise and complete manufacturing capabilities will help you bring your product to market faster and easier.

As part of our customer service commitment, these products can be modified or custom designed to meet your needs. Contact us to discuss the limitless possibilities.

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### Application Notes

BIP Series probes are used in battery charger or electronic device applications such as:

- Camcorders
- Circuit board to board docking stations
- Cellular Phones
- 2-way radios
- Computer docking stations
- Cordless phones
- Chargers
- InkJet Printers
- Notebook and laptop computers
- AC/DC power supplies

### Features & Benefits

- Low resistance (average 16 milliohms)
- Better contact than nickel-plated strip contacts
- Maintains high compliancy
- Less susceptible to damage
- Can accommodate up to .025" subsurface battery mating contact
- Longer life than conventional interconnects

# Battery Probes

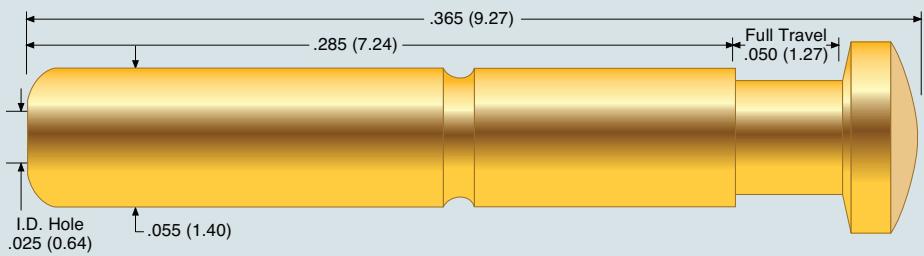
Model	Pitch	OAL (inch/mm)	Recommended Travel (inch/mm)	Probe Resistance mΩ	Current Capacity Continuous (Amps)	Receptacle	Probe Retention Method	Crimp	Solder	WW	Round Post	Push-On Terminal	Fastite	Pre-Wired
<b>BIP-1</b>	.138 (3.5)	.323 (8.20)	.050 (1.27)	16	5	-	Soldered to PCB	X	X				X	X
<b>BIP-2</b>	.100 (2.54)	.365 (9.27)	.050 (1.27)	30	5	-	Press Fit	X	X	X				
<b>BIP-3</b>	.114 (2.9)	.512 (13.00)	.060 (1.52)	30	5	-	Soldered to PCB	X	X	X	X			
<b>HPA-64-3</b>	.100 (2.54)	.365 (9.27)	.050 (1.27)	50	3	SPR-64W-2	Detents or Solder to PCB	X	X					
<b>CCA-003</b>	.118 (3)	.669 (17.0)	.040 (1.00)	50	5	-	Soldered to PCB	X	X	X				
<b>CCA-004</b>	.050 (1.27)	.414 (10.51)	.040 (1.00)	50	5	-	Soldered to PCB	X	X	X	X	X		
<b>CP-059-017</b>	.100 (2.54)	.313 (7.95)	.040 (1.02)	25	10		Soldered to PCB	X	X	X		X		
<b>CP-059-019</b>	.100 (2.54)	.276 (7.01)	.040 (1.02)	25	10		Soldered to PCB	X	X	X		X		
<b>SPL-04J-079</b>	.138 (3.5)	.233 (5.9)	.075 (1.9)	16	5		Soldered to PCB		X					
<b>SPL-04J-082</b>	.150 (3.81)	.281 (7.14)	.050 (1.27)	50	3		Soldered to PCB		X	X				
<b>SPL-25H-395</b>	.130 (3.3)	.511 (12.98)	.060 [1.52]	50	5		Soldered to PCB		X	X	X			
<b>SPL-25J-382</b>	.075 (1.9)	.585 (14.9)	.060 [1.52]	50	3		Soldered to PCB	X	X	X	X			





# Battery Interconnect Probe

## HPA-64-3 ☀



**Actual Size**

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Heat-treated beryllium copper, gold plated over hard nickel
Barrel:	Work-hardened nickel silver, gold plated over hard nickel
Spring:	Stainless steel, silver plated

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Preload	Rec. Travel
<b>Standard</b>	1.1 (31)	3.85 (109)

### Mounting Options

Mounting Hole Size: .067/.069 (1.7/1.75)  
A #51 or 1.75 mm drill is most commonly used.

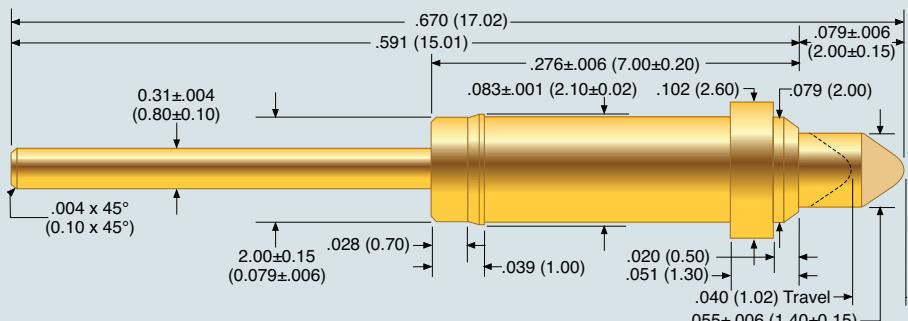
## Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.050 (1.27)
Full Travel:	.050 (1.27)
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +150°C

## Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance:	50 mOhms
Current Rating:	3 amps

## CCA-003



**Actual Size**

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Brass, gold plated
Barrel:	Brass, gold plated
Spring:	Stainless steel, gold plated

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Preload	Rec. Travel
<b>Standard</b>	1.27 (36.04)	2.94 (85.50)

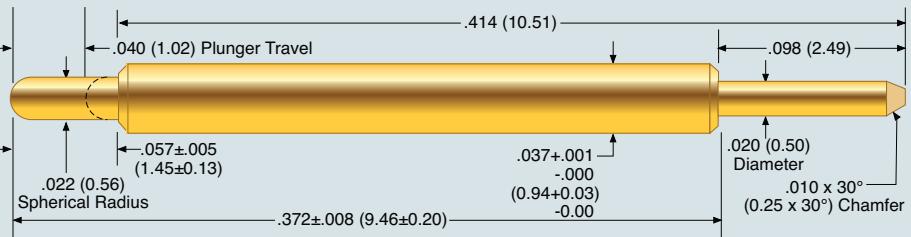
## Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.040 (1.00)
Full Travel:	.078 (1.98)
Operating Temperature:	-35°C to +105°C

## Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance:	50 mOhms
Current Rating:	10 amps continuous

## CCA-004



**Actual Size**

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Brass, gold plated
Barrel:	Brass, gold plated
Spring:	Stainless steel, gold plated

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Preload	Rec. Travel
<b>Standard</b>	.83 (23.55)	2.85 (80.87)

## Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.040 (1.00)
Full Travel:	.057 (1.48)
Operating Temperature:	-35°C to +105°C

## Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance:	50 mOhms
Current Rating:	10 amps continuous

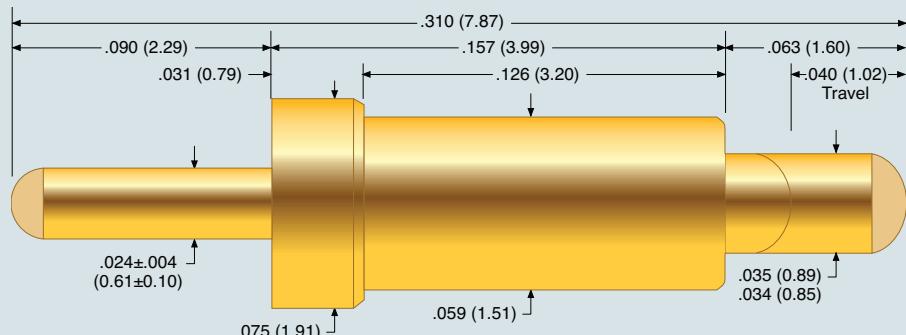
☀ Denotes Solar Application

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements, and other applications below -40°C.

Dimensions in inches (millimeters)  
Specifications subject to change without notice

# Battery Interconnect Probe

## CP-059-017



Actual Size

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .040 (1.00)

Full Travel: .060 (1.52)

Operating Temperature: -55°C to +155 °C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance: 25 mOhms

Current Rating: 10 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Brass, gold plated

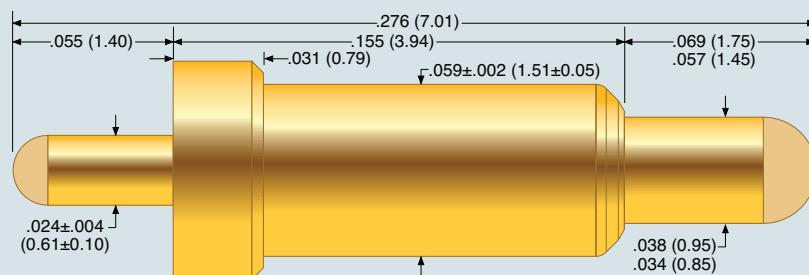
Barrel: Brass, gold plated

Spring: Stainless steel

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Preload	Rec. Travel
Standard	0.81 (22.9)	4.5 (128)

## CP-059-019 ☀



Actual Size

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .040 (1.00)

Full Travel: .062 (1.57)

Operating Temperature: -35°C to +105°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance: 25 mOhms

Current Rating: 10 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Brass, gold plated

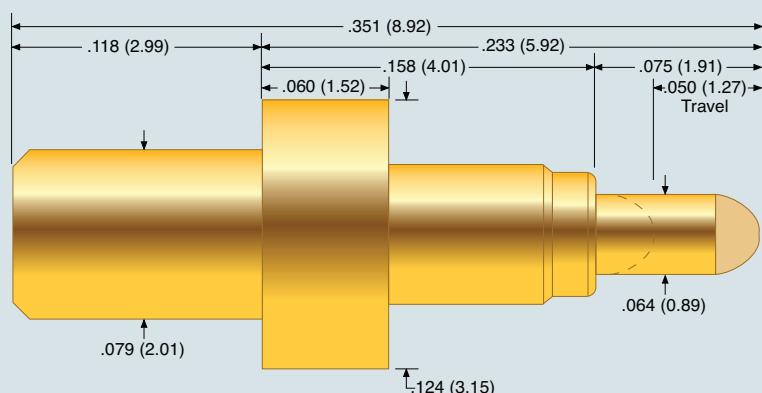
Barrel: Brass, gold plated

Spring: Stainless steel, gold plated

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Preload	Rec. Travel
Standard	1.63 (46)	4.50 (128)

## SPL-04J-079



Actual Size

### Mechanical

Rec. Travel: .050 (1.27)

Full Travel: .075 (1.91)

Operating Temperature: -55°C to +150°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Average Probe Resistance: 25 mOhms

Current Rating: 10 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger: Brass, gold plated

Barrel: Brass, gold plated

Spring: Stainless steel, silver plated

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	Preload	Rec. Travel
Standard	0.52 (14.7)	3.25 (92.1)

Denotes Solar Application

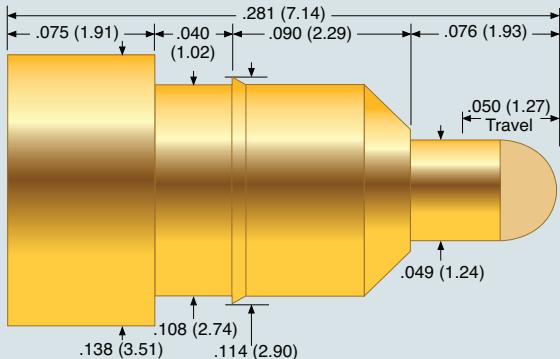
\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements,  
and other applications below -40°C.

Dimensions in inches (millimeters)

Specifications subject to change without notice

# Battery Interconnect Probe

## SPL-04J-082

**Actual Size****Materials and Finishes**

Plunger:	Beryllium copper, gold plated over hard nickel
Barrel:	Brass, gold plated over hard nickel
Spring	Stainless steel, gold plated over hard nickel

**Spring Force in oz. (grams)**

	Preload	Rec. Travel
<b>Standard</b>	0.67 (18.99)	3.5 (99.22)

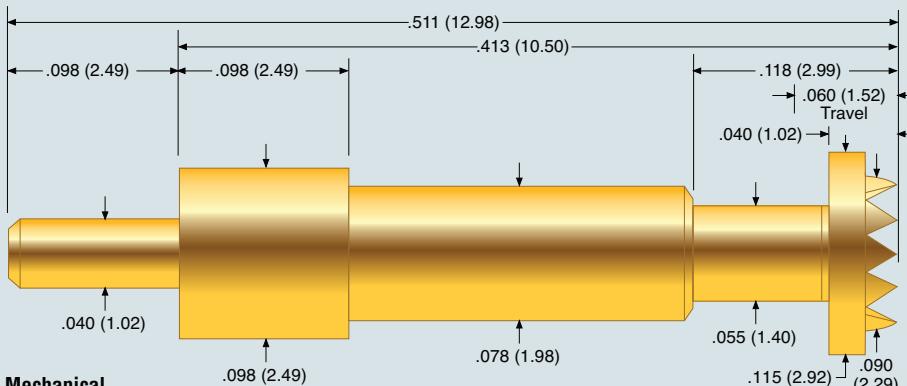
**Mechanical**

Rec. Travel:	.050 (1.27)
Full Travel:	.070 (1.78)
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +150°C

**Electrical (Static Conditions)**

Current Rating:	3 amps
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## SPL-25H-395

**Actual Size****Mechanical**

Rec. Travel:	.060 (1.52)
Full Travel:	.075 (1.91)
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +105°C

**Electrical (Static Conditions)**

Current Rating:	5 amps
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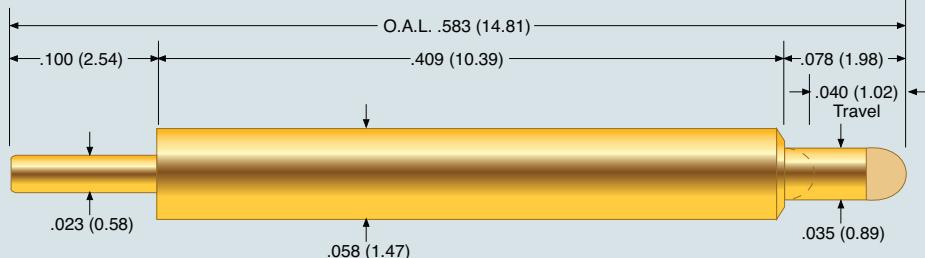
**Materials and Finishes**

Plunger:	Brass, gold plated
Barrel:	Brass, gold plated
Spring	Music wire, silver plated

**Spring Force in oz. (grams)**

	Preload	Rec. Travel
<b>Standard</b>	1.11 (31.47)	3.0 (85.13)

## SPL-25J-382

**Actual Size****Mechanical**

Rec. Travel:	.060 (1.50)
Full Travel:	.078 (1.98)
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +105°C

**Electrical (Static Conditions)**

Average Probe Resistance:	<50 mOhms
Current Rating:	5 amps

**Materials and Finishes**

Plunger:	Brass, gold plated
Barrel:	Brass, gold plated
Spring	Music wire, silver plated

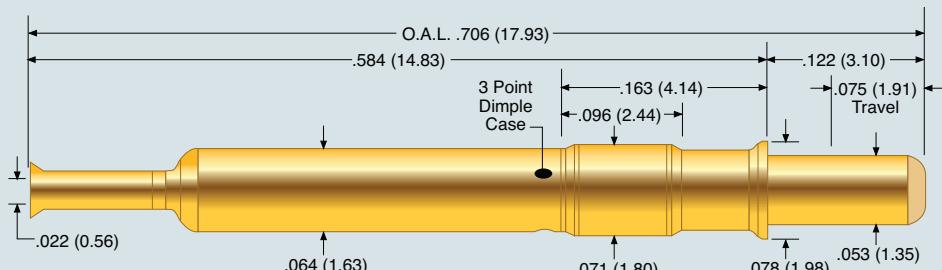
**Spring Force in oz. (grams)**

	Preload	Rec. Travel
<b>Standard</b>	0.24 (6.80)	0.67 (19.0)

# Battery Interconnect Probe

## SPL-74C-015

Actual Size



### Mechanical

Rec. Travel:	.075 (1.91)
Full Travel:	.122 (3.10)
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +150°C

### Electrical (Static Conditions)

Current Rating: 5 amps

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger:	Beryllium copper, gold plated
Barrel:	Phosphor bronze, gold plated
Spring	Stainless steel, silver plated

### Spring Force in oz. (grams)

	@ 0.01" Travel	Rec. Travel
Standard	1.38 (39.12)	5.2 (148)

\* Consult factory for other temperature requirements, and other applications below -40°C.

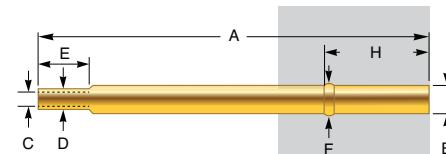
**Contents**

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SPR-2.....	53	S2663.....	56
SPR-3.....	53	S2757.....	56
SPR-4.....	53		

# Termination

## Receptacles

HPR-72/LTR-1/SPR-25/SPR-1



### W Crimp

Typical used to attach a wire by mechanical crimping



### W-1 Solder Cup

Typical used to attach a wire by soldering



### W-2 Wire Wrap

Square post  $\square .025$  (0.64)  
Vacuum leak rate not to exceed  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  CFM@15psi



### W-2L Wire Wrap

Square post  $\square .025$  (0.64)  
Vacuum leak rate not to exceed  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  CFM@15psi



### W-2LL Wire Wrap

Square post  $\square .025$  (0.64)  
Vacuum leak rate not to exceed  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  CFM@15psi



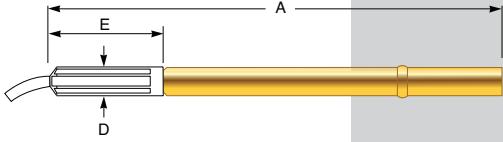
### W-2M Wire Wrap

Square post  $\square .025$  (0.64)  
Vacuum leak rate not to exceed  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  CFM@15psi



### W-3 Connector Pin/Round Post

Round post  $\varnothing .025$  (0.64)  
Vacuum leak rate not to exceed  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  CFM@15psi



### W-4 FASTITE®

Wire termination (30 AWG only)  
max. insulation diameter = .019 (0.48)  
wire strip length = .125 (3.2)  
One DS-62-1 Insulation sleeve is provided with each  
FASTITE receptacle at no charge



### W-28 Prewired

Crimp with 30" of 28 AWG wire attached



### W-30 Prewired

Crimp with 30" of 30 AWG wire attached



### Y Push on

Push on termination

	A	B	C	D	E	F	H	Material
<b>HPR-72 W</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.038 (0.97)	.024 (0.61)	.030 (0.76)	.190 (4.83)	.0415 (1.05)	.351 (8.91)	Housing: Gold-plated hardened BeCu (I.D. and O.D.)
<b>W-1</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.038 (0.97)			.190 (4.83)	.0415 (1.05)	.351 (8.91)	Housing: Gold-plated hardened BeCu (I.D. and O.D.)
<b>W-4</b>	1.72 (43.69)	.038 (0.97)		.047 (1.19)	.350 (8.89)	.0415 (1.05)	.351 (8.91)	Housing: Gold-plated hardened BeCu (I.D. and O.D.)
<b>W-28</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.038 (0.97)			.190 (4.83)	.0415 (1.05)	.351 (8.91)	Housing: Gold-plated hardened BeCu (I.D. and O.D.)
<b>W-30</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.038 (0.97)			.190 (4.83)	.0415 (1.05)	.351 (8.91)	Housing: Gold-plated hardened BeCu (I.D. and O.D.)

<b>LTR-1 W</b>	1.19 (30.23)	.052 (1.32)	.035 (0.89)	.044 (1.12)	.214 (5.44)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-1</b>	1.19 (30.23)	.052 (1.32)			.214 (5.44)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-2</b>	1.69 (42.93)	.052 (1.32)			.500 (12.70)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2L</b>	1.88 (47.75)	.052 (1.32)			.690 (17.52)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2LL</b>	2.23 (56.74)	.052 (1.32)			1.04 (26.51)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>ELTR-1 W-2</b>	1.69 (42.93)	.052 (1.32)			.500 (12.70)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Nickel-Silver, unplated Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2L</b>	1.88 (47.75)	.052 (1.32)			.690 (17.52)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Nickel-Silver, unplated Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2LL</b>	2.23 (56.74)	.052 (1.32)			1.04 (26.51)	.058 (1.47)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Nickel-Silver, unplated Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze

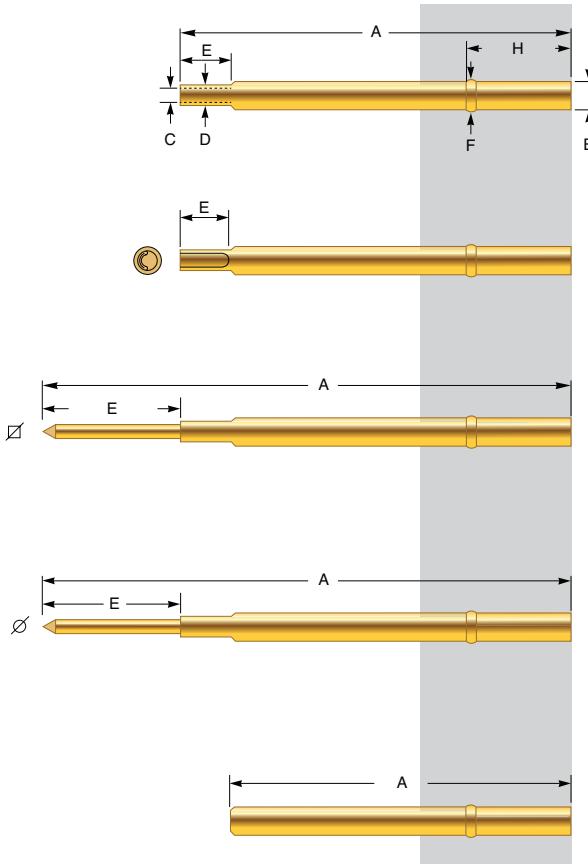
<b>SPR-25 W</b>	1.15 (29.21)	.066 (1.68)	.048 (1.22)	.058 (1.47)	.180 (4.57)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-1</b>	1.19 (30.23)	.066 (1.68)			.180 (4.57)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-2</b>	1.69 (42.93)	.066 (1.68)			.500 (12.70)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2L</b>	1.88 (47.75)	.066 (1.68)			.694 (17.36)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2LL</b>	2.23 (56.74)	.066 (1.68)			1.04 (26.52)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-3</b>	1.56 (39.62)	.066 (1.68)			.410 (10.41)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>EPR-25 W-2</b>	1.69 (42.93)	.066 (1.68)			.500 (12.70)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Nickel-Silver, unplated Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2L</b>	1.88 (47.75)	.066 (1.68)			.694 (17.36)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Nickel-Silver, unplated Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2LL</b>	2.23 (56.74)	.066 (1.68)			1.04 (26.52)	.072 (1.83)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Nickel-Silver, unplated Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze

<b>SPR-1 W</b>	.690 (17.53)	.052 (1.32)	.035 (0.89)	.044 (1.12)	.180 (4.57)	.058 (1.47)	.160 (4.06)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-1</b>	.690 (17.53)	.052 (1.32)			.180 (4.57)	.058 (1.47)	.160 (4.06)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-2</b>	1.19 (30.23)	.052 (1.32)			.500 (12.70)	.058 (1.47)	.160 (4.06)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-2M</b>	.940 (23.88)	.052 (1.32)			.250 (6.35)	.058 (1.47)	.160 (4.06)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze

# Termination

## Receptacles

SPR-2/SPR-3/SPR-4/SPR-5



### W Crimp

Typical used to attach a wire by mechanical crimping

### W-1 Solder Cup

Typical used to attach a wire by soldering

### W-2 Wire Wrap

Square post  $\square .025$  (0.64)

Vacuum leak rate not to exceed  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  CFM@15psi

### W-3 Connector Pin/Round Post

Round post  $\varnothing .025$  (0.64)

Vacuum leak rate not to exceed  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  CFM@15psi

### Y Push on

Push on termination

# Receptacles

SPR-2/SPR-3/SPR-4/SPR-5

	A	B	C	D	E	F	H	Material
<b>SPR-2 W</b>	.930 (23.62)	.066 (1.68)	.048 (1.22)	.058 (1.47)	.20 Min (5.08)	.072 (1.83)	.240 (6.10)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-1</b>	.950 (24.13)	.066 (1.68)			.20 Min (5.08)	.072 (1.83)	.240 (6.10)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-2</b>	1.45 (36.83)	.0668 (1.68)			.500 (12.70)	.072 (1.83)	.240 (6.10)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>W-3</b>	1.32 (33.53)	.066 (1.68)			.370 (9.40)	.072 (1.83)	.240 (6.10)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>Y</b>	.735 (18.67)	.066 (1.68)				.072 (1.83)	.240 (6.10)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver

<b>SPR-3 W</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.093 (2.36)	.047 (1.19)	.058 (1.47)	.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-1</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.093 (2.36)			.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-2</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.093 (2.36)			.370 (9.40)	.098 (2.49)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>Y</b>	.975 (24.77)	.093 (2.36)				.098 (2.49)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver

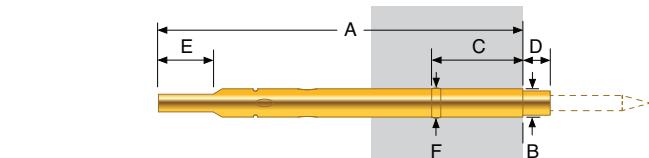
<b>SPR-4 W</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.106 (2.69)	.081 (2.06)	.092 (2.34)	.180 (4.57)	.111 (2.82)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-1</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.106 (2.69)			.180 (4.57)	.111 (2.82)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-2</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.106 (2.69)			.370 (9.40)	.111 (2.82)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>Y</b>	.975 (24.77)	.106 (2.69)				.111 (2.82)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver

<b>SPR-5W</b>	1.32 (33.53)	.140 (3.56)	.079 (2.01)	.093 (2.36)	.180 (4.57)	.144 (3.66)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>W-1</b>	1.32 (33.53)	.140 (3.56)			.210 (5.33)	.144 (3.66)	.300 (7.62)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver

# Termination

## Receptacles

PR261/PR541/PR54/PR80



### 0 Crimp

Typical used to attach a wire by mechanical crimping



### 0F Flush Mount

Typical used to attach a wire by soldering



### 1 Solder

Square post  $\square .025$  (0.64)



### 2 Wire Wrap

Square post  $\square .025$  (0.64)



### 3 Round Post

Round post  $\varnothing .025$  (0.64)

### 3F Flush Mount

Wire termination (30 AWG only)  
Max. insulation diameter = .019 (0.48)

# Receptacles

PR261/PR541/PR54/PR80

	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Material</b>
<b>PR261-0</b>	.690 (17.53)	.034 (0.86)	.100 (2.54)	.040 (1.02)	.180 (4.57)	.037 (0.94)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>0F</b>	.690 (17.53)	.034 (0.86)	.100 (2.54)		.180 (4.57)	.037 (0.94)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1</b>	.690 (17.53)	.034 (0.86)	.100 (2.54)	.040 (1.02)	.180 (4.57)	.037 (0.94)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1F</b>	.690 (17.53)	.034 (0.86)	.100 (2.54)		.180 (4.57)	.037 (0.94)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver

<b>PR541-0</b>	.930 (23.62)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)	.060 (1.52)	.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>0F</b>	.930 (56.74)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)		.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1</b>	.930 (56.74)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)	.060 (1.52)	.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1F</b>	.930 (56.74)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)		.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>2</b>	1.32 (33.53)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)	.060 (1.52)	.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>2F</b>	1.32 (33.53)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)		.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>3</b>	1.32 (33.53)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)	.060 (1.52)	.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>3F</b>	1.32 (33.53)	.066 (1.68)	.240 (6.09)		.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze

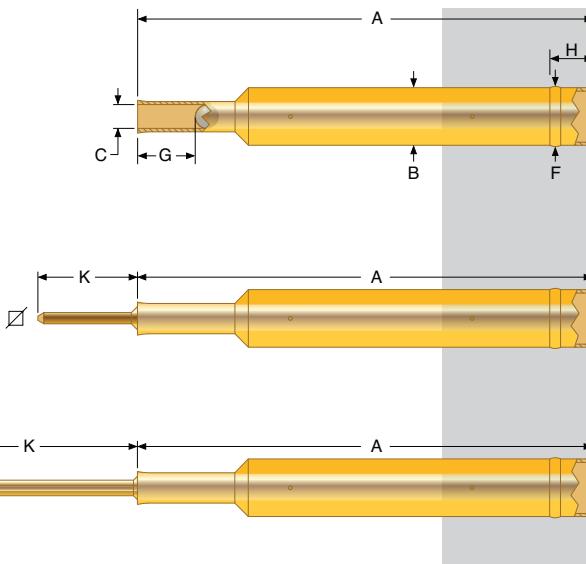
<b>PR54- 0</b>	1.15 (29.21)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)	.060 (1.52)	.180 (4.57)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>0F</b>	1.15 (29.21)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)		.180 (4.57)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1</b>	1.19 (30.23)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)	.060 (1.52)	.180 (4.57)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1F</b>	1.19 (30.23)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)		.180 (4.57)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>2</b>	1.58 (40.26)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)	.060 (1.52)	.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>2F</b>	1.58 (40.26)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)		.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>3</b>	1.56 (40.13)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)	.060 (1.52)	.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>3F</b>	1.56 (40.13)	.066 (1.68)	.300 (7.62)		.20 (5.08)	.070 (1.78)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze

<b>PR80- 0</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)	.090 (2.29)	.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>0F</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)		.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)	.090 (2.29)	.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>1F</b>	1.20 (30.48)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)		.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver
<b>2</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)	.090 (2.29)	.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>2F</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)		.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>3</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)	.090 (2.29)	.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>3F</b>	1.57 (39.88)	.093 (2.36)	.300 (7.62)		.180 (4.57)	.098 (2.49)	Housing: Gold-plated, Nickel-Silver Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze

# Termination

## Receptacles

S2662A/S2663/S2757



### ED Crimp

Typical used to attach a wire by mechanical crimping

### ETD Round

Round post Ø .026 (0.66)

### EWWD Wire Wrap

Square post □ .025 (0.64)

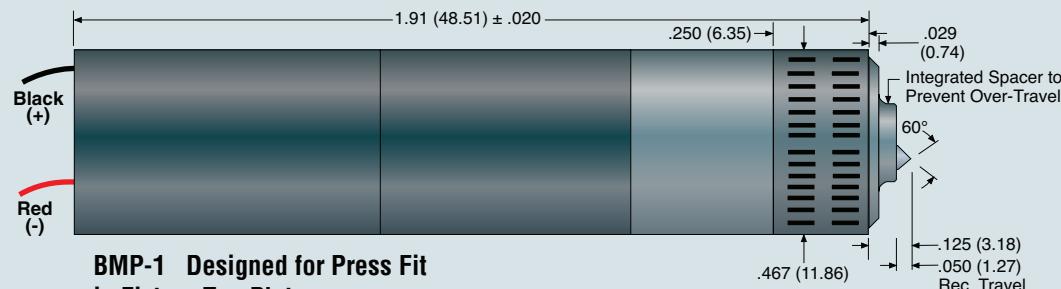
	A	B	C	E	F	G	H	K	L	M
<b>S2662A - 3ED</b>	.690 (17.53)	.036 (0.91)	.022 (0.56)		.041 (1.04)	.110 (2.79)	.100 (2.54)		.0285 (0.72)	.040 (1.02)
<b>S2663 - 1ED</b>	.760 (19.30)	.054 (1.37)	.038 (0.97)		.059 (1.50)	.084 (2.13)	.100 (2.54)		.043 (1.09)	.050 (1.27)
<b>1ETD</b>	.760 (19.30)	.054 (1.37)	.038 (0.97)	.230 (5.84)	.059 (1.50)	.084 (2.13)	.100 (2.54)	.230 (5.84)	.043 (1.09)	.050 (1.27)
<b>1EWWD</b>	.760 (19.31)	.054 (1.37)	.038 (0.97)	.380 (9.65)	.059 (1.50)	.084 (2.13)	.100 (2.54)	.380 (9.65)	.043 (1.09)	.050 (1.27)
<b>S2757 - 2ED</b>	1.053 (26.75)	.133 (3.38)	.055 (1.40)		.138 (3.51)	.133 (3.38)	.100 (2.54)		.118 (3.00)	.090 (2.29)
<b>2ETD</b>	1.053 (26.75)	.133 (3.38)	.0554 (1.40)	.230 (5.84)	.138 (3.51)	.133 (3.38)	.100 (2.54)	.230 (5.84)	.118 (3.00)	.090 (2.29)
<b>2EWWD</b>	1.053 (26.75)	.133 (3.38)	.055 (1.40)	.510 (12.95)	.138 (3.51)	.133 (3.38)	.100 (2.54)	.510 (12.95)	.118 (3.00)	.090 (2.29)

	Material
<b>S2662A - 3ED</b>	Housing: Gold-plated brass
<b>S2663 - 1ED</b>	Housing: Gold-plated brass
<b>1ETD</b>	Housing: Gold-plated brass Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>1EWWD</b>	Housing: Gold-plated brass Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>S2757 - 2ED</b>	Housing: Gold-plated brass
<b>2ETD</b>	Housing: Gold-plated brass Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze
<b>2EWWD</b>	Housing: Gold-plated brass Post: Gold-plated, Phosphorous Bronze

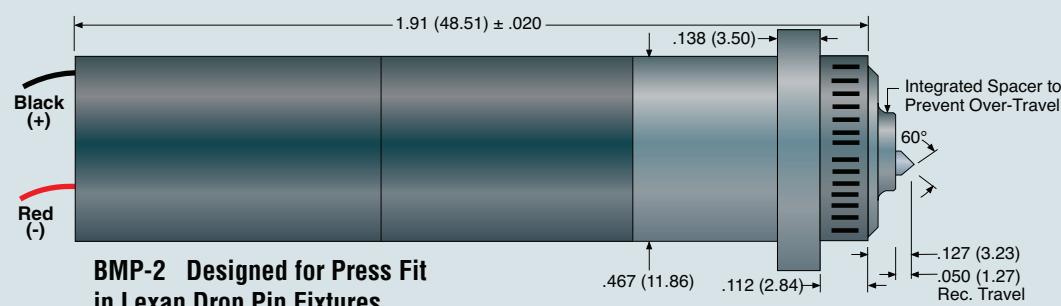
Dimensions in inches (millimeters)

Specifications subject to change without notice

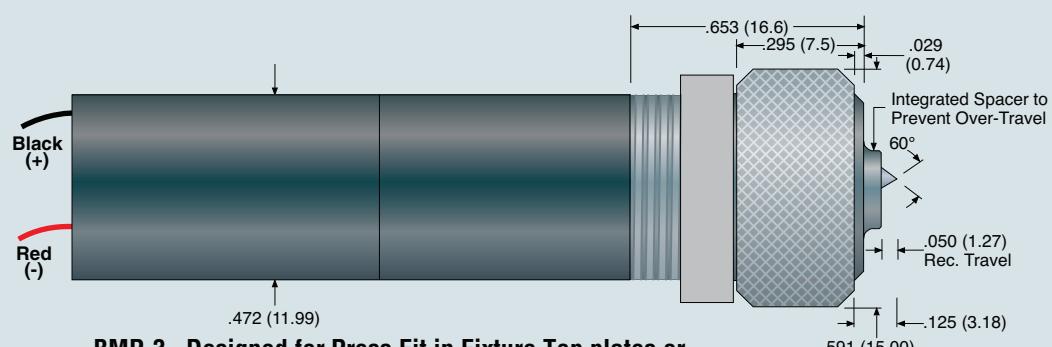
## BMP-1/BMP-2/BMP-3



**BMP-1** Designed for Press Fit in Fixture Top Plates



**BMP-2** Designed for Press Fit in Lexan Drop Pin Fixtures



**BMP-3** Designed for Press Fit in Fixture Top plates or Other Mounting Plates with Adjustable BMP Height Range of up to 0.440 inch (11.2mm).

### Mechanical

Full Marker Tip Travel:	.062 (1.57)
Recommended Working Travel:	.050 (1.27)
Direction of Rotation:	CCW
Scribed Diameter:	.050 (1.27)
Special diameters available.	

### Electrical (Operating Conditions)

Current Rating:	50 mA
Voltage Rating:	15VDC
Recommended Duty Cycle:	1 sec. On (min.) 5 sec. Off

### Materials and Finishes

Plunger Tip:	Carbide
Receptacle:	Stainless steel
Mounting Hole Size:	.468/.469

### How To Order

Specify model number of components or tools you require:

BMP-1, -2, -3: Probe and receptacle, wires and connector attached, mating connector supplied, (-red, + black).

BMR-1, -2, -3: Receptacle only.

BMT-1: Tip replacement assembly for BMP-1, BMP-2, and BMP-3.

RIT-BMP: Receptacle insertion tool for BMR-1.  
EXT-BMP: Receptacle extraction tool for BMR-1.

### Applications:

The BMP Board Marker Probe patented design is for installation on bare board or loaded board test fixtures. When your tester is equipped with the appropriate electronics and software, the BMP scribes a permanent .050" circle on every "passed" PCB or device tested. Boards that fail the test are not marked. The risk of human error is eliminated in PCB testing and sorting.

The unit requires less than .500" of fixture area. It is designed to mark board areas of bare glass (FR4), solder mask over glass or copper, or bare tinned copper.

The BMP includes a mounting receptacle and a motor/transmission assembly. It can be easily removed from the receptacle for use in other fixtures. Spare receptacles and tip replacement assemblies are available. The thread between receptacle and housing is 7/16-20 UNF.

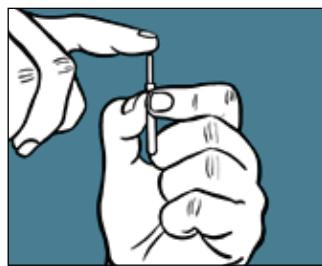
For further application assistance, please call your ECT support representative.

# Tools and Maintenance

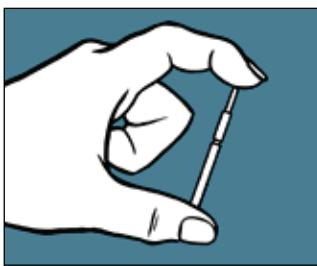
## Pogo® Handling Instructions

Special care should be used when handling some small diameter probes such as the POGO-72. Their long length makes them more susceptible to bending than their 100 mil counterparts. It is recommended that the plunger not be deflected unless it is in its mating receptacle, which should be installed in a probe plate. If deflection is required prior to insertion into the mating receptacle, please follow these guidelines to reduce the possibility of damage.

- a) Hold the top of the probe barrel firmly between the forefinger and thumb of one hand.
- b) Using the forefinger of the opposite hand (or a wooden dowel if it is a pointed tip), deflect the plunger the required distance.



Correct



Incorrect

## Pogo® Maintenance

Generally, Pogo cleaning is not recommended. However, in some cases the spring probe performance in relationship to electrical conductivity can be improved if the spring probe tips are cleaned of any contaminants. Contaminants can form an insulation barrier on the probe tip, thus reducing contact integrity.

One of the more widely used methods for cleaning spring contact probes involves the use of brushes to clean the probe heads without probe removal from the test fixture. This technique allows for more frequent maintenance resulting in improved fixture reliability. After brushing contaminants free from the probes, the fixture should be vacuumed to insure no remaining particles create future problems.

Another cleaning method involves removal of probes from the test fixture, bundling them together, and submerging only the probe tips in a shallow pan of safe solution such as alcohol or citric cleaner for five minutes. After soaking, the probe tips can be scrubbed with a soft bristle brush to remove any residue, then rinsed and dried. The probes can then be installed back into the test fixture. This method should be attempted only as a last resort, as cleaning fluids and solvents can wash contaminants into the probes as well as the fixture.



MPB-01 Brass bristle brush

(4.25" x 2.5")

MPB-03 Nylon brush (6.25")

MPB-02 4-row brass brush

(3.25" x 1.125")

## General Purpose-Replaceable Insertion/Extraction Tools

Made from the highest quality stainless steel, these durable, corrosion-resistant tools are guaranteed to provide years of service. They are engineered to minimum size for easy control and to fit comfortably in your hand for ease of use.

For receptacle installation, choose the RIT or ART tool that matches the receptacle and follow the Insertion Instructions. The press ring keeps the receptacle in place, so no glue is required. The spring probe can then be inserted into the receptacle to complete the installation.

The height of the probe can be changed by mounting the receptacle at different heights. For more information on receptacles, refer to the technical section of this catalog.

## Insertion Instructions



1. Insert receptacle into the drill hole.



2. Insert tip of RIT tool into the top of the receptacle and, with slight hand pressure, seat the receptacle into the drill hole until resistance is met.



3. Tap the top of the tool with a small plastic hammer until the receptacle is seated at the proper height. The press ring keeps the receptacle in place.

## Receptacle Insertion Tools

Model No.	Mounting Height	Used On
ARIT-1/1M	Flush to .220"	SPR-1W/LTR-1W
ARIT-25/25M	Flush to .220"	SPR-2W/SPR-25W/SPR-64W
ARIT54	Flush to .125"	SR541
ARIT54	Flush to .220"	SR54
ART-62	Flush to .285"	HPR-62W
ART-72	Flush to .220"	HPR-72W
RIT-0-0	Flush	SPR-0W
RIT-3-0	Flush	SPR-3W
RIT-3-220	.220"	SPR-3W
RIT-30-0	Flush	HPR-30W
RIT-4-0	Flush	SPR-4W
RIT-40-0	Flush	HPR-40W
RIT-5-0	Flush	SPR-5W
RIT-64-005	.005"	SPR-64W
RIT-BMP	Flush	BMR-1/BMR-2/BMR-3
RIT-80-0	Flush	STT-80W
T80-0	Flush	SR80

## Receptacle Extraction Tools

Model No.	Used On
EXT-BMP	BMR-1/BMR-2/BMR-3
TET-1	LCT Series Terminals

## Probe Insertion Tools

Model No.	Used On
PIT-0	SPA-0/HPA-0/HPA-50
PIT-20	MEP-20
PIE-25*	POGO-25/LTP-25



Probe Insertion/Extraction Tool (PIE),  
Receptacle Insertion Tool (ARIT-25),  
Receptacle Insertion Tool (RIT),  
FASTITE® Insertion Tool (FIT),  
Adjustable Receptacle Insertion Tool (ART)

### Epoxy Mount Instructions for General Purpose-Non Replaceable Probes

ECT does not recommend press fit mounting of non-replaceable probes. ECT non-replaceable products may be retained in mounting holes using solder or adhesives.

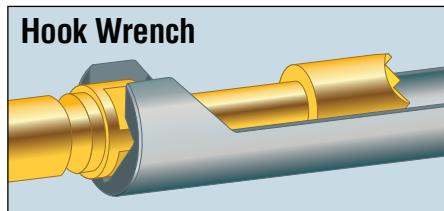
If conductivity is required, ECT recommends utilizing solder mounting for retention. If conductivity is not required, utilizing epoxy adhesives for mounting is acceptable.

Adhesives used are typically two-part epoxies, and can be either conductive or non-conductive dependent on the application. ECT does not recommend the use of fast setting Superglue® style adhesives as they can outgas and may put a nearly invisible barrier on contact surfaces.

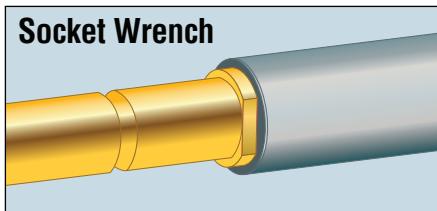
### Epoxy Mounting Procedure

1. The probe barrel must be clean & free of any coatings, paint, or other materials.
2. Additionally, the plated through hole, or mounting hole must be clean & free of any coatings, paint, or other materials.
3. To install the probe, apply a thin layer of conductive epoxy to the clean inside area of the mounting hole, or to the clean outside of the probe barrel, according to manufacturers directions.
4. If desired, apply a release agent, on all other surfaces to keep the epoxy from adhering to undesirable locations. Utilize a release agent which is compatible with your process.

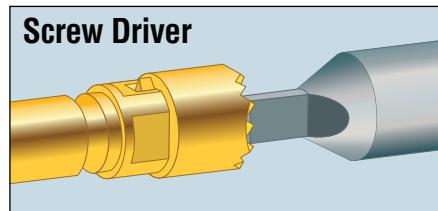
### Screw-In Tool Options for Threaded Probes



**Hook Wrench**  
The hook wrench is the standard tool for all probes with square wrench sizes even if the head diameter is larger than the wrench size.



**Socket Wrench**  
The socket wrench can be used for square wrench sizes if the head diameter is smaller than the wrench size. The tool helps to assemble probes within small centers.



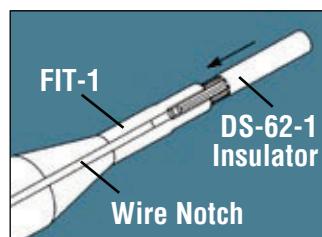
**Screw Driver**  
Screw drivers can be used if the contact area has any support (e.g. serrated honeycomb or slit) and the head has an integrated locking system.

### Screw-in Tools

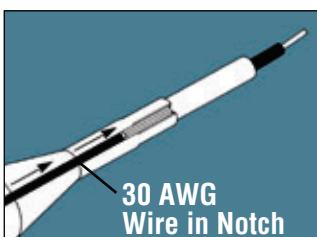
Probe	Tips	Wrench size	BIT and Handle	BIT	Handle	BIT and Handle	BIT	Handle
TSC-087	all	1,4mm	PIT-087	BIT-087	PIT-HND-4	PIT-087T	BIT-087	PIT-HND-4T
TSC-025	all	1,7mm	PIT-025	BIT-025	PIT-HND-4	PIT-025T	BIT-025	PIT-HND-4T
TSC-157	all	3,0mm	PIT-157	BIT-157	PIT-HND-5	PIT-157T	BIT-157	PIT-HND-5T
TSP-100	all	1,7mm	PIT-100	BIT-100	PIT-HND-4	PIT-100T	BIT-100	PIT-HND-4T
TSP-138 (L)	<0.118 >0.118	2,6mm 2,6mm	PIT-138 PIT-138H	BIT-138 BIT-137H	PIT-HND-5 PIT-HND-5	PIT-138T PIT-138HT	BIT-138 BIT-137H	PIT-HND-5T PIT-HND-5T
TSP-157	all	2,5mm	PIT-157S	BIT-157S	PIT-HND-5	PIT-157ST	BIT-157S	PIT-HND-5T
THC-025	all	1,7mm	PIT-025	BIT-025	PIT-HND-4	PIT-025T	BIT-025	PIT-HND-4T
THC-157	all	3,0mm	PIT-157	BIT-157	PIT-HND-5	PIT-157T	BIT-157	PIT-HND-5T
THC-197	all	3,5mm	PIT-197	BIT-197	PIT-HND-5	PIT-197T	BIT-197	PIT-HND-5T
TKP-138	all	2,6mm	PIT-138	BIT-138	PIT-HND-5	PIT-138T	BIT-138	PIT-HND-5T

# Tools and Maintenance

## FASTITE® Insertion Instructions



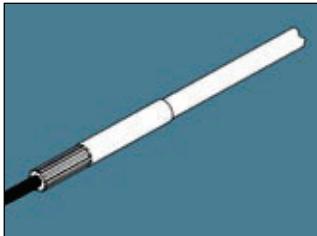
1. Insert insulator, knurled end first into tip of FIT tool.



2. Insert prestripped wire into notch on FIT tool and slide until it protrudes approximately 1/8 inch from insulator.



3. Hold wire firmly against tool with forefinger. Insert protruding wire into termination end of W-4 receptacle. Release grasp on wire and push insulator onto end of receptacle, completing termination.



4. Complete termination.

### FASTITE® Insertion Tool

Model No.	Used On
FIT-1	HPR-72W-4, SPR-OW-4

## Crimp Pliers

ECT crimping pliers make receptacle crimping fast and easy. The standard ratchet-action jaws are individually fitted and inspected to ensure quick insertion and removal of the receptacle.

The tool features an internal high-tension coil spring for fatigue-free operation and a lifetime of dependable service. Vinyl cushion grips ensure a firm grip with minimum applied pressure. Instructions are provided.

The 900 series crimp plier requires a corresponding crimp locator (DCL) in order to function properly. Example: To order a plier to crimp a SPR-1W, specify a 900 plier and a DCL-1 crimp locator. If you already have the 900 plier, order only the DCL for the specific receptacle series you require.

## Pliers

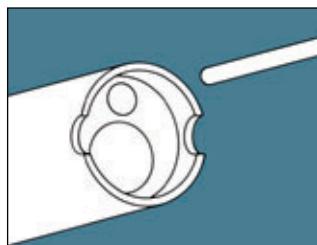
Plier No.	DCL Locator No.	Receptacle
900	DCL-0	SPR-0W
900	DCL-1	SPR-1W
900	DCL-2	SPR-2W
900	DCL-3	SPR-3W
900	DCL-20	MEP-20*
900	DCL-25	SPR-25W
900	DCL-30	HPR-30W
900	DCL-40	HPR-40W, T
900	DCL-62	HPR-62W, WD
900	DCL-72	HPR-72W



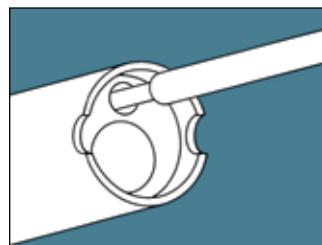
Plier No. 900 and DCL Locator

## Wire Wrapping Tips

A wire-wrapped termination is made by coiling the wire around the sharp corners of a .025 inch square receptacle post. By bending the wire around the sharp corner, the oxide layer of both surfaces is broken, revealing an oxide-free surface. This provides clean metal-to-metal contact between the wire and the post. The minimum number of turns is based on wire gauge and the type of wrap. A standard wrap coils only the bare wire around the post. A modified wrap coils the wire and a portion of the insulation. The modified wrap increases the ability to withstand vibration.



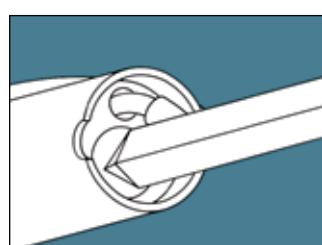
1. Pre-stripped wire, bit and sleeve



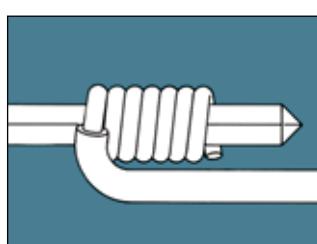
2. Insert wire.



3. Secure wire.



4. Insert terminal, actuate wrapping gun.



5. Completed termination.

## Wire turns per MIL-STD-1130B

Wire Size	Diameter	Minimum Number of Turns Class A (Modified)	Class B (Standard)
30	.010 (0.25)	7 stripped turns plus 1/2 insulated	7 stripped turns
28	.0126 (0.32)	7 stripped turns plus 1/2 insulated	7 stripped turns
26	.0159 (0.40)	6 stripped turns plus 1/2 Insulated	6 stripped turns
24	.0201 (0.51)	5 stripped turns plus 1/2 insulated	5 stripped turns
22	.0253 (0.64)	5 stripped turns plus 1/2 insulated	5 stripped turns

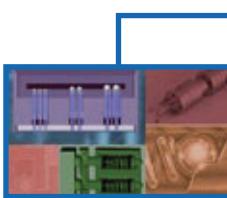
Note: This information is for .025" x .025" wrap post. While 22 AWG is often used, MIL-STD-1130B does not recommend it for this size post.

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